THE STATE OF MENTAL HEALTH IN AMERICA 2017



Mental Health America (MHA), formerly the National Mental Health Association, was founded in **1909 and is the nation's leading community**-based nonprofit dedicated to helping all Americans achieve wellness by living mentally healthier lives. Our work is driven by our commitment to promote mental health as a critical part of overall wellness, including prevention services for all, early identification and intervention for those at risk, integrated health, behavioral health and other services for those who need them, and recovery as the goal.

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Mental Health America is committed to promoting mental health as a critical part of overall wellness. We advocate for prevention services for all, early identification and intervention for those at risk, integrated health, behavioral health and other services for those who need them, and recovery as the goal. We believe that gathering and providing up-to-date data and information about disparities faced by individuals with mental health problems is a tool for change.

Our Report is a Collection of Data across all 50 states and the District of Columbia and seeks to answer the following questions:

- How many adults and youth have mental health issues?
- How many adults and youth have substance use issues?
- How many adults and youth have access to insurance?
- How many adults and youth have access to adequate insurance?
- How many adults and youth have access to mental health care?
- Which states have higher barriers to accessing mental health care?

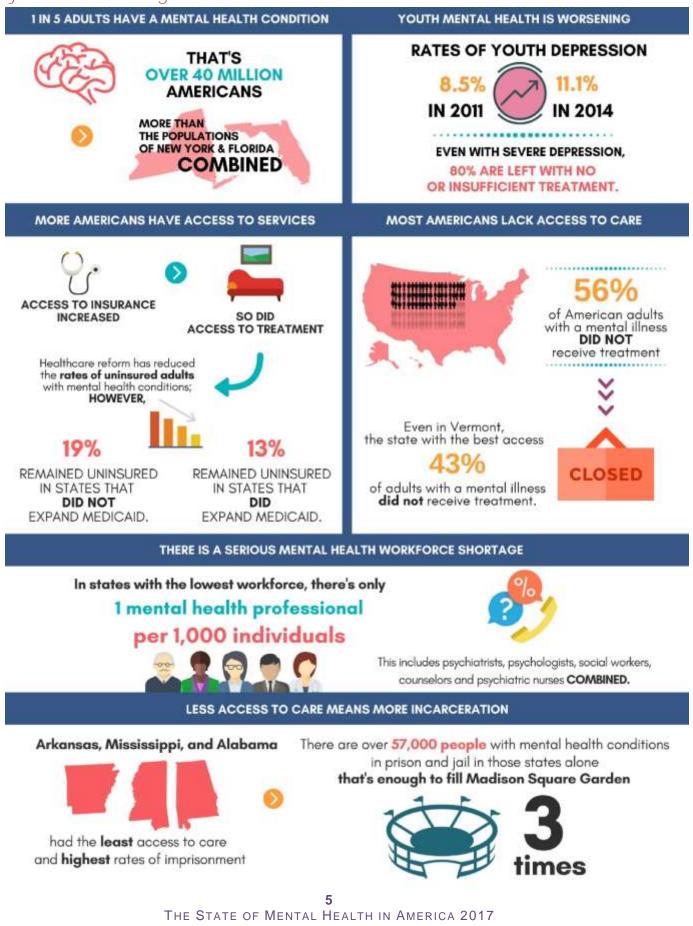
Our Goal:

- To provide a snapshot of mental health status among youth and adults for policy and program planning, analysis, and evaluation;
- To track changes in prevalence of mental health issues and access to mental health care;
- To understand how changes in national data reflect the impact of legislation and policies; and
- To increase dialogue and improve outcomes for individuals and families with mental health needs.

Why Gather this Information?

- Using national survey data allows us to **measure a community's** mental health needs, access to care, and outcomes regardless of the differences between the states and their varied mental health policies.
- Rankings explore which states are more effective at addressing issues related to mental health and substance use.
- Analysis may reveal similarities and differences among states in order to begin assessing how federal and state mental health policies result in more or less access to care.

Key Facts and Findings



Ranking Overview and Guidelines

This chart book presents a collection of data that provides a baseline for answering some questions about how many people in America need and have access to mental health services. This report is a companion to the online interactive data on the MHA website (http://www.mentalhealthamerica.net/issues/state-mental-health-america). The data and table include state and national data and sharable infographics.

MHA Guidelines

Given the variability of data, MHA developed guidelines to identify mental health measures that are most appropriate for inclusion in our ranking. Indicators were chosen that met the following guidelines:

- Data that are publicly available and as new as possible to provide up-to-date results.
- Data that are available for all 50 states and the District of Columbia.
- Data for both adults and youth.
- Data that captured information regardless of varying utilization of the private and public mental health system.
- Data that could be collected over time to allow for analysis of future changes and trends.

Our 2017 Measures

- 1. Adults with Any Mental Illness (AMI)
- 2. Adults with Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol
- 3. Adults with Serious Thoughts of Suicide
- 4. Youth with At Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in the Past Year
- 5. Youth with Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol
- 6. Youth with Severe MDE
- 7. Adults with AMI who Did Not Receive Treatment
- 8. Adults with AMI Reporting Unmet Need
- 9. Adults with AMI who are Uninsured
- 10. Adults with Disability who Could Not See a Doctor Due to Costs
- 11. Youth with MDE who Did Not Receive Mental Health Services
- 12. Youth with Severe MDE who Received Some Consistent Treatment
- 13. Children with Private Insurance that Did Not Cover Mental or Emotional Problems
- 14. Students Identified with Emotional Disturbance for an Individualized Education Program
- 15. Mental Health Workforce Availability

A Complete Picture

While the above fifteen measures are not a complete picture of the mental health system, they do provide a strong foundation for understanding the prevalence of mental health concerns, as well as issues of access to insurance and treatment, particularly as that access varies among the states. MHA will continue to explore new measures that allow us to more accurately and comprehensively capture the needs of those with mental illness and their access to care.

Ranking

To better understand the rankings, it's important to compare similar states.



Factors to consider include geography, size, and political affiliation. For example, California and New York are similar. Both are large states with densely populated cities and tend to be Democratic leaning. They are less comparable to less populous or Republican leaning states like North Dakota, Alaska, or Wyoming. Keep in mind, both New York City and Los Angeles alone have more residents than North Dakota, South Dakota, Alaska, and Wyoming combined.

The rankings are based on the percentages or rates for each state. States with positive outcomes are ranked higher than states with poorer outcomes. The overall, adult, youth, prevalence and access rankings were analyzed by calculating a standardized score (Z score) for each measure, and ranking the sum of the standardized scores. For most measures, lower percentages equated to more positive outcomes (e.g. lower rates of substance use or those who are uninsured). There are two measures where high percentages equate to better outcomes. These include Youth with Severe MDE who Received Some Consistent Treatment, and Students Identified with Emotional Disturbance for an Individualized Education Program. Here, the calculated standardized score was multiplied by -1 to obtain a Reverse Z Score that was used in the sum. All measures were considered equally important, and no weights were given to any measure in the rankings.

IS SIMILAR TO

Both Los Angeles

& New York City

OMBINED

ND. SD. AK. & WY

HAVE MORE RESIDENTS THAN

Along with calculated rankings, each measure is ranked individually with an accompanying chart and table. The table provides the percentage and estimated population for each ranking. The estimated population number is weighted and calculated by the agency conducting the applicable federal survey. The ranking is based on the percentage or rate. Data are presented with 2 decimal places when available.

Due to limitations in sample size for year 2014, the measures for Youth with MDE who Did Not Receive Mental Health Services and Youth with Severe MDE who Received Some Consistent Treatment are from sample year through 2013.

Survey Limitations

Each survey has its own strengths and limitations. For example, strengths of both **SAMHSA's** National Survey of Drug Use and Health (NSDUH) and the **CDC's** Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) are that they include national survey data with large sample sizes and utilized statistical modeling to provide weighted estimates of each state population. This means that the data is more representative of the general population. An example limitation of particular importance to the mental health community is that the NSDUH does not collect information from persons who are homeless and who do not stay at shelters, are active duty military personnel, or are institutionalized (i.e., in jails or hospitals). This limitation means that those individuals who have a mental illness who are also homeless or incarcerated are not represented in the data presented by the NSDUH. If the data did include individuals who were homeless and/or incarcerated, we would possibly see prevalence of behavioral health issues increase and access to **treatment rates worsen**. It is MHA's goal to continue to search for the best possible data in future reports. Additional information on the methodology and limitations of the surveys can be found online as outlined in the glossary.

Election Year: Mental Health and Politics

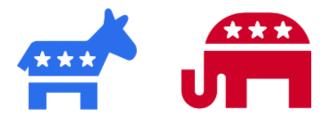
Mental health disorders cross party lines. Half of all Americans will experience a mental health condition in their lifetime. They affect us, our friends, family members, and other members of our communities regardless of where we stand politically.

When we do not support people we pay heavily, whether in healthcare, workforce, quality of life, or actual lives lost. Ensuring access to a variety of services and supports that enable Americans to stay in their communities and to contribute to society should be a nonpartisan issue.

More than anything else, where you live can determine your access to care. While federal policies and efforts can help steer the nation, state and local policies can make the ultimate difference in your access.

Using party affiliation data from Gallup, MHA combined its Access to Care Rankings with state party affiliation. The top ten states were almost evenly split among Democratic leaning, Republican leaning, and competitive states.

All states, regardless of political make up, can support access to care. Now more than ever voters need to tell officials at all levels of government to take action to address mental health in our communities.



Access to Care Rankings

- 1. Vermont 27. Wyoming 28. Hawaii 2. Massachusetts 29. Ohio 3. Maine 4. Connecticut 30. Illinois 5. Minnesota 31. Kentucky 32. Nebraska 6. New Hampshire 33. Utah 7. South Dakota 34. West Virginia 8. Rhode Island 35. Montana 9. lowa 10. Alaska 36. Missouri 11. District of Columbia 37. Indiana 12. Pennsylvania 38. Virginia 13. Maryland 39. Oklahoma 14. Wisconsin 40. Arizona 15. Delaware 41. Louisiana 16. Colorado 42. Idaho 17. New Jersey 43. Florida 18. Michigan 44. Arkansas 19. New York 45. South Carolina 20. North Dakota 46. Texas 21. Oregon 47. Georgia 22. Kansas 48. Tennessee 23. New Mexico 49. Mississippi 24. Washington 50. Alabama 25. California 51. Nevada
- 26. North Carolina

🖬 Democratic Leaning 📲 Competitive 📕 Republican Leaning



Overall Ranking

A high overall ranking indicates lower prevalence of mental illness and higher rates of access to care. A low overall ranking indicates higher prevalence of mental illness and lower rates of access to care. The combined scores of all 15 measures make up the overall ranking. The overall ranking includes both adult and youth measures as well as prevalence and access to care measures.

The 15 measures that make up the overall ranking include:

- 1. Adults with Any Mental Illness (AMI)
- 2. Adults with Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol
- 3. Adults with Serious Thoughts of Suicide
- 4. Youth with At Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in the Past Year
- 5. Youth with Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol
- 6. Youth with Severe MDE
- 7. Adults with AMI who Did Not Receive Treatment
- 8. Adults with AMI Reporting Unmet Need
- 9. Adults with AMI who are Uninsured
- 10. Adults with Disability who Could Not See a Doctor Due to Costs
- 11. Youth with MDE who Did Not Receive Mental Health Services
- 12. Youth with Severe MDE who Received Some Consistent Treatment
- 13. Children with Private Insurance that Did Not Cover Mental or Emotional Problems
- 14. Students Identified with Emotional Disturbance for an Individualized Education Program
- 15. Mental Health Workforce Availability

The chart is a visual representation of the sum of the scores for each state. It provides an opportunity to see the difference between ranked states. For example, Connecticut (ranked 1) has a score that is higher than New Jersey (ranked 6), whereas North Dakota (ranked 8) is not very different from Alaska (ranked 13). California (ranked 23) has a score that is closest to the average.

	State	Rank
	Connecticut	1
	Massachusetts	2
	Vermont	3
gher	South Dakota	4
of mental	Minnesota	5
	New Jersey	6
asures	lowa	7
youth	North Dakota	8
	Pennsylvania	9
	Maine	10
	Delaware	11
	New York	12
	Alaska	13
	Maryland	13
	Illinois	15
	Hawaii	15
		10
the	Michigan District of Columbia	17
	Kentucky	19
	New Hampshire	20
	Kansas	21
	New Mexico	22
	California	23
	Oklahoma	24
sts	Colorado	25
	Ohio	26
S	Nebraska	27
	Florida	28
	Wyoming	29
	Washington	30
	Missouri	31
	Texas	32
	North Carolina	33
	Georgia	34
	Wisconsin	35
	Rhode Island	36
	South Carolina	37
	Virginia	38
	Montana	39
	Utah	40
	Tennessee	41
	Louisiana	42
	West Virginia	43
	Mississippi	44
	Indiana	45
	Alabama	46
	Arkansas	47
	Idaho	48
		49
	Oregon	
	Arizona	50

15

1

Overall Ranking - 2011 vs 2014

Using past data, we ran the sum of scores for the overall ranking and the access to care ranking and compared those ranking to our most recently available rankings.

11 of the 15 measures included data from years 2009, 2010, and 2011.

- Students Identified with • Emotional Disturbance for an Individualized Education Program is from 2012.
- Mental Health Workforce • Availability is from 2013.
- Youth with Severe MDE who • **Received Some Consistent** Treatment is the same time periods (2010-2014) for both ranking and therefore did not affect ranking change.
- Adults with Disability who • Could Not See a Doctor Due to Costs is from 2012.

The connecting lines in the chart point to several changes among those states that have significant movement in ranking.

Wisconsin moved from 8th to 35th. Indiana moved from 19th to 45th. Oklahoma moved from 41st to 24th. And New Mexico jumped from 44th to 22nd.

Tables for the 2011 ranking can be found in the Appendix.

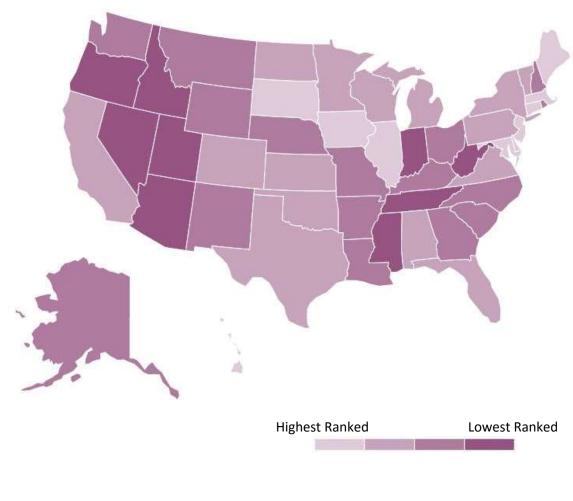
2011	State		2014	State
1	Maine		1	Connecticut
2	Maryland		2	Massachusetts
3	Vermont		3	Vermont
4	North Dakota		4	South Dakota
5	Connecticut		5	Minnesota
6	Massachusetts		6	New Jersey
7	New York		7	lowa
8	Wisconsin		8	North Dakota
9	Nebraska		9	Pennsylvania
10	North Carolina		10	, Maine
11	New Jersey		11	Delaware
12	Minnesota		12	New York
13	lowa		13	Alaska
14	South Dakota		14	Maryland
15	Pennsylvania		15	Illinois
16	Illinois		16	Hawaii
17	Colorado		17	Michigan
18	Rhode Island		18	District of Columbia
19	Indiana		19	Kentucky
20	Delaware		20	, New Hampshire
21	District of Columbia	\land	21	Kansas
22	Kentucky		22	New Mexico
23	Hawaii		23	California
24	Alaska		24	Oklahoma
25	Ohio		25	Colorado
26	Florida		26	Ohio
27	Virginia		27	Nebraska
28	West Virginia		28	Florida
29	Kansas		29	Wyoming
30	Georgia		30	Washington
31	Utah		31	Missouri
32	New Hampshire		32	Texas
33	California		33	North Carolina
34	Texas		34	Georgia
35	Wyoming		35	Wisconsin
36	Louisiana		36	Rhode Island
37	Missouri		37	South Carolina
38	Michigan		38	Virginia
39	Tennessee		39	Montana
40	Oregon		40	Utah
41	Oklahoma		41	Tennessee
42	Mississippi		42	Louisiana
43	Washington	/ \	43	West Virginia
44	New Mexico		44	Mississippi
45	South Carolina		45	Indiana
46	Montana		46	Alabama
47	Arkansas		47	Arkansas
48	Alabama		48	Idaho
49	Idaho		49	Oregon
50	Nevada		50	Arizona
51	Arizona		51	Nevada

Adult Rankings

States with high rankings have lower prevalence of mental illness and higher rates of access to care for adults. Lower rankings indicate that adults have higher prevalence of mental illness and lower rates of access to care.

The 7 measures that make up the Adult Ranking include:

- 1. Adults with Any Mental Illness (AMI)
- 2. Adults with Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol
- 3. Adults with Serious Thoughts of Suicide
- 4. Adults with AMI who Did Not Receive Treatment
- 5. Adults with AMI Reporting Unmet Need
- 6. Adults with AMI who are Uninsured
- 7. Adults with Disability who Could Not See a Doctor Due to Costs.



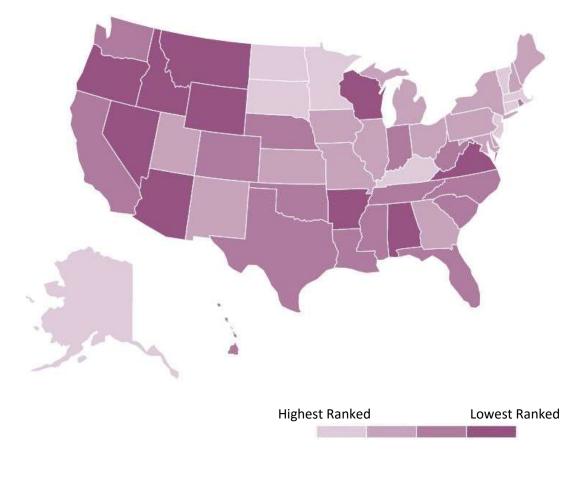
Rank	State
1	Connecticut
2	Massachusetts
3	lowa
4	New Jersey
5	Hawaii
6	Maryland
7	Delaware
8	Maine
9	Illinois
10	South Dakota
11	Pennsylvania
12	Vermont
13	New York
14	North Dakota
15	California
16	Florida
17	Minnesota
18	Wisconsin
19	Texas
20	Virginia
21	Oklahoma
22	Alabama
23	Kansas
24	Michigan
25	Colorado
26	Wyoming
27	North Carolina
28	Arkansas
29	Alaska
30	New Hampshire
31	South Carolina
32	New Mexico
33	Kentucky
34	Rhode Island
35	Nebraska
36	Missouri
37	Ohio
38	Montana
39	Louisiana
40	Georgia
41	Washington
42	Arizona
43	West Virginia
44	District of Columbia
45	Tennessee
46	Mississippi
47	Indiana
48	Idaho
49	Oregon
50	Utah
51	Nevada

Youth Rankings

States with high rankings have lower prevalence of mental illness and higher rates of access to care for youth. Lower rankings indicate that youth have higher prevalence of mental illness and lower rates of access to care.

The 7 measures that make up the Youth Ranking include:

- 1. Youth with At Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in the Past Year
- 2. Youth with Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol
- 3. Youth with Severe MDE
- 4. Youth with MDE who Did Not Receive Mental Health Services
- 5. Youth with Severe MDE who Received Some Consistent Treatment
- 6. Children with Private Insurance that Did Not Cover Mental or Emotional Problems
- 7. Students Identified with Emotional Disturbance for an Individualized Education Program.



1Minnesota2South Dakota3Connecticut4Vermont5Massachusetts6Alaska7North Dakota8District of Columbia9Kentucky10New Jersey11Iowa12Pennsylvania13New York14Michigan15New Hampshire16New Mexico17Delaware18Kansas19Illinois20Maine21Ohio22Georgia23Maryland24Missouri25Utah26Nebraska27Washington28West Virginia30Tennessee31Mississippi32Hawaii33Oklahoma34Indiana35Texas36Louisiana37South Carolina38California39North Carolina44Wisconsin45Virginia46Alabama47Idaho48Nevada49Oregon	Rank	State
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49 Oregon		
50 Arizona		-
51 Arkansas	51	Arkansas

12 The State of Mental Health in America 2017

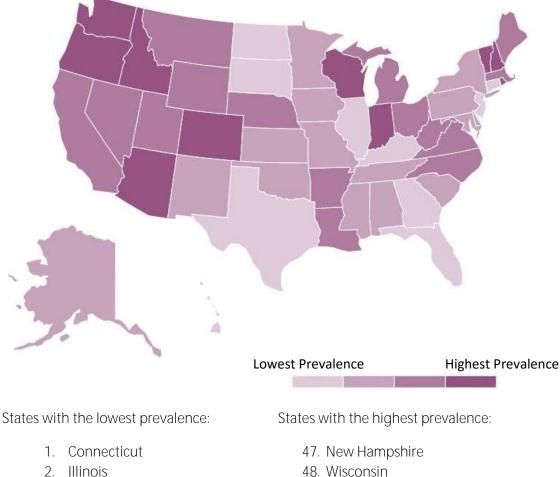
Prevalence of Mental Illness

The scores for the six prevalence make up the Prevalence Ranking.

The 6 measures that make up the Prevalence Ranking include:

- 1. Adults with Any Mental Illness (AMI)
- 2. Adults with Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol
- 3. Adults with Serious Thoughts of Suicide
- 4. Youth with At Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in the Past Year
- 5. Youth with Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol
- 6. Youth with Severe MDE.

A high ranking on the Prevalence Ranking indicates a lower prevalence of mental health and substance use issues. States that rank 1-10 have lower rates of mental health and substance use problems compared to states that ranked 42-51.



- 3. New Jersey
- 4. North Dakota
- 5. South Dakota

- 48. Wisconsin
- 49. Arizona
- 50. Rhode Island
- 51. Oregon

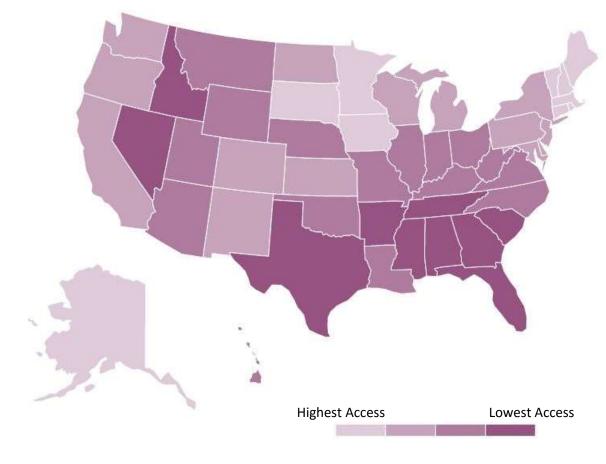


Access to Care Rankings

The Access Ranking indicates how much access to mental health care exists within a state. The access measures include access to insurance, access to treatment, quality and cost of insurance, access to special education, and workforce availability. A high Access Ranking indicates that a state provides relatively more access to insurance and mental health treatment.

The 9 measures that make up the Access Ranking include:

- 1. Adults with AMI who Did Not Receive Treatment
- 2. Adults with AMI Reporting Unmet Need
- 3. Adults with AMI who are Uninsured
- 4. Adults with Disability who Could Not See a Doctor Due to Costs
- 5. Youth with MDE who Did Not Receive Mental Health Services
- 6. Youth with Severe MDE who Received Some Consistent Treatment
- 7. Children with Private Insurance that Did Not Cover Mental or Emotional Problems
- 8. Students Identified with Emotional Disturbance for an Individualized Education Program
- 9. Mental Health Workforce Availability



23 New Mexico 24 Washington 25 California 26 North Carolina 27 Wyoming Hawaii 28 Ohio 29 30 Illinois 31 Kentucky Nebraska 32 33 Utah 34 West Virginia 35 Montana 36 Missouri 37 Indiana 38 Virginia 39 Oklahoma 40 Arizona 41 Louisiana Idaho 42 43 Florida 44 Arkansas 45 South Carolina 46 Texas 47 Georgia 48 Tennessee 49 Mississippi 50 Alabama 51 Nevada

Rank 1

2

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Vermont

Maine

Massachusetts

Connecticut

New Hampshire

South Dakota

Rhode Island

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Alaska District of

Columbia

Maryland

Wisconsin

Delaware

Colorado

Michigan

New York

Oregon

Kansas

North Dakota

New Jersey

Pennsylvania

Minnesota

Access to Care Ranking - 2011 vs 2014

State and local level policies have the biggest impact on access to mental health care. Changes in these rankings may reflect policy changes that support constituencies who suffer from mental health problems. For example, states who passed laws supporting implementation of mental health parity laws and the Affordable Care Act show improvements in access to insurance rates. Those states that took aggressive policy changes, such as the implementation of The Mental Health Services Act in California, resulted in significant changes in access to care. The connecting lines in the chart point to several changes among those states that have significant movement in ranking. A lack of movement at the top could indicate long term commitment towards better mental health policies, while lack of movement at the bottom indicates continued neglect of the mental health needs of constituencies. States can compare policies among other better preforming states of equivalent size, geography, culture, or political affiliation to identify potential policy changes to improve their numbers and rankings.

Uninsured Adults with a Mental Illness

19% IN STATES THAT DID NOT EXPAND MEDICAID vs.

13% IN STATES THAT DID EXPAND MEDICAID

2011	State	
1	Vermont	
2	Maine	
3	Massachusetts	
4	South Dakota	
5	Minnesota	
6	New Hampshire	
7	Nebraska	
8	Connecticut	
9	Rhode Island	
10	North Dakota	$\mathbf{\Lambda}$
11	New York	\mathbf{N}
12	Maryland	N
13	Delaware	
14	Wisconsin	
15	Colorado	
16	Pennsylvania	
17	lowa	
18	Michigan	
19	Kentucky	
20	Oregon	
21	District of Columbia	
22	Indiana	
23	Ohio	
24	New Jersey	
25	Washington	
26	Alaska	
27	North Carolina	
28	Wyoming	
29	Virginia	
30	Hawaii	
31	Illinois	
32	Kansas	
33	New Mexico	1
34	Missouri	
35	West Virginia	
36	Utah	
37	Tennessee	
38	Oklahoma	/
39	California	1
40	Montana	
41	Idaho	
42	Florida	
43	Georgia	
44	Arizona	
45	Arkansas	
46	South Carolina	
47	Texas	
48	Louisiana	
49	Nevada	
50	Mississippi	
51	Alabama	

2014	State
1	Vermont
2	Massachusetts
3	Maine
4	Connecticut
5	Minnesota
6	New Hampshire
7	South Dakota
8	Rhode Island
9	lowa
10	Alaska
11	District of Columbia
12	Pennsylvania
12	Maryland
13	Wisconsin
14 15	Delaware
15	Colorado
16	
	New Jersey
18	Michigan
19	New York
20	North Dakota
21	Oregon
22	Kansas
23	New Mexico
24	Washington
25	California
26	North Carolina
27	Wyoming
28	Hawaii
29	Ohio
30	Illinois
31	Kentucky
32	Nebraska
33	Utah
34	West Virginia
35	Montana
36	Missouri
37	Indiana
38	Virginia
39	Oklahoma
40	Arizona
41	Louisiana
42	Idaho
43	Florida
44	Arkansas
45	South Carolina
46	Texas
47	Georgia
48	Tennessee
49	Mississippi
50	Alabama
51	Nevada

Access to Care Ranking versus Adult Incarceration Rates

1.2 MILLION individuals living with mental illness sit in jail and prison each year.

Often their involvement with the criminal justice system begins with low-level offenses like jaywalking, disorderly conduct, or trespassing.



In 2015, The Sentencing Project ranked the states based on the number of people incarcerated in state prison per 100,000 residents.¹ Comparing state-bystate rates of incarceration with the access to mental health care ranking shows a strong positive correlation between rates of adult who are in the criminal justice system and lack of access to mental health care (r =.69, p = 000).

The states with less access to mental health care have more adults who are in the criminal justice system.

Six out of 10 of the states with the least access to mental health care also have the highest rates of incarceration.

These states include:

•

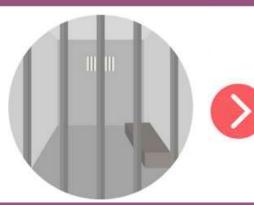
- Alabama
 - Texas Georgia
- Arkansas Mississippi •
- Florida
- •

The chart shows the ranking of states based on the rate of adult incarceration (per 100,000 people). The access to care ranking is the corresponding sum of scores for each state. The ten states with the most access to care are highlighted in purple, and the ten states with the least amount of access to care are highlighted in red.

		State Imprisonment	Access to Care
Rank	State	(per 100k) Ranked Lowest to Highest	Ranking (Sum of Scores)
1	Maine	153	-8.9271
2	Rhode Island	178	-5.74207
3	Massachusetts	188	-13.2939
4	Minnesota	194	-8.34278
5	North Dakota	214	-2.1477
6	New Hampshire	219	-8.12996
7	Utah	237	1.967375
8	Vermont	241	-16.4588
9	New Jersey	241	-3.39434
10	Washington	254	-1.32436
11	Hawaii	257	-0.0282
12	New York	265	-2.75729
13	lowa	282	-4.9148
14	Nebraska	283	1.018337
15	Kansas	322	-1.91273
16	Connecticut	326	-8.71021
17	New Mexico	329	-1.7386
18	Maryland	346	-4.01988
19	California	349	-0.58227
20	North Carolina	358	-0.51341
21	Montana	360	2.587972
22	Wisconsin	371	-3.78764
23	West Virginia	372	2.357443
24	Alaska	374	-4.56163
25	Illinois	375	0.690505
26	Oregon	378	-2.02091
27	Colorado	383	-3.69017
28	Pennsylvania	394	-4.20215
29	Wyoming	408	-0.15832
30	South Dakota	421	-6.20106
31	South Carolina	429	5.899403
32	Nevada	434	10.03874
33	Tennessee	437	7.496869
34	Michigan	437	-3.06855
35	Delaware	440	-3.702
36	Indiana	442	2.705804
37	Ohio	444	0.201136
38	Virginia	449	2.801135
39	Kentucky	474	0.966987
40	Idaho	489	5.036744
41	Florida	513	5.069235
42	Georgia	517	6.606583
43	Missouri	526	2.687519
44	Texas	584	6.108368
45	Arizona	593	3.509007
46	Mississippi	597	7.758902
47	Arkansas	599	5.236254
48	Alabama	633	7.916734
49	Oklahoma	700	2.975511
50	Louisiana	816	4.597961

¹ The Sentencing Project, State Rankings, http://www.sentencingproject.org/the-facts/#rankings

CARE NOT CORRECTIONS



MORE THAN HALF

of all Americans in prison or jail have a mental illness.

Arkansas, Mississippi, and Alabama

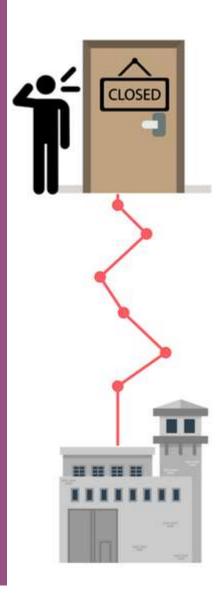


had the **least** access to care and the **highest** rates of imprisonment.

There are over **57,000 people** with mental health conditions in prison and jail in those states alone-

that's enough to fill Madison Square Garden





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Solutions to Incarceration

Invest in Real Diversion

There has been a rise in the use of diversion programs such as mental health courts or drug courts across the country. These courts work in collaboration with mental health and substance use treatment providers to help individuals who have mental health or substance use problems. In order to access the treatment available in mental health or drug courts, a person must first plead guilty to a crime and be subject to incarceration. Evaluation of mental health and drug courts have shown questionable efficacy and significant challenges. A much better option is to explore the use of pre-booking diversion. People with mental health problems come into contact with police for factors related to their mental health problems. These factors should not be a reason for incarceration. When possible, individuals who do come in contact with police should be diverted to other options like treatment or peer run crisis respite models and never sent to the police station for booking.

Invest in Services

If there is a correlation between access to mental health care and incarceration the next important step is to research how systemic changes in access to mental health care can cause a reduction in incarceration. Treatment such as Assertive Community Treatment and Multisystemic Therapy already have strong evidence for reducing days of incarceration. Investing in mental health and substance use services for all people will reduce the likelihood that individuals will ever face incarceration in their lifetime.

Ensure Continuity of Care

When people enter into the criminal justice system, their access to treatment changes. Many will lose insurance benefits and services. For those who begin receiving services while incarcerated, many lose access, sometimes immediately, when they return to the community. This can be particularly dangerous for people who suddenly lose access to prescribed medications. To ensure the best possible outcomes for individuals, which includes keeping them out of jails and prisons, it is essential that we create systems that support people as they transition both in and out of incarceration. People should receive appropriate supports while incarcerated and have a plan that connects them to community-based services and with adequate insurance coverage prior to returning to the community.

Start Early

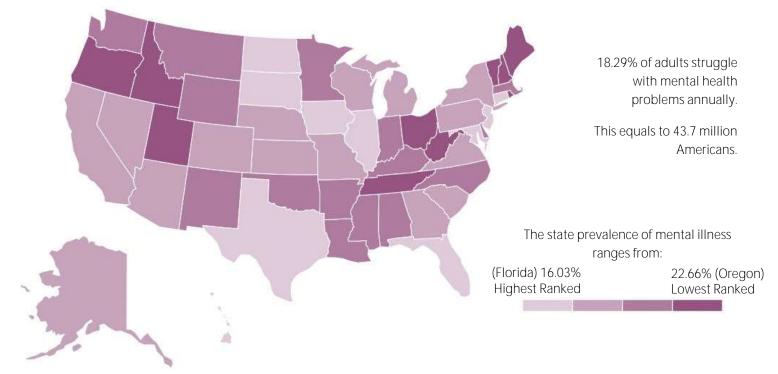
To prevent incarceration, we must begin early and support students in schools. Students with disabilities are more than twice as likely to be suspended.² Students who are suspended or expelled are almost 3 times as likely to be involved with the juvenile justice system within the next year.³ Ultimately, students who have been in the juvenile justice system are more likely to end up in the criminal justice system. Lack of supports in schools, which often lead to suspension or expulsion, also results in students with disabilities having the lowest graduation rate of any group at 63%— about 20% lower than the national average.⁴ Dropping out of school is another factor that puts individuals at high risk for incarceration. The research and experiences of many people show the number points at which we can intervene and keep kids in schools. Things like Positive Behavioral Intervention and Supports, screening, and community based resources can keep kids connected and in their communities. In order to have the best outcomes both for individuals and for society, we must provide students supports where they are—in school.

² US Department of Ed OCR, (March 2014) <u>http://ocrdata.ed.gov/Downloads/CRDC-School-Discipline-Snapshot.pdf</u>

³ Justice Center Council of State Governments, (July 2011) <u>https://csgjusticecenter.org/wp-content/uploads/2012/08/Breaking_Schools_Rules_Report_Final.pdf</u>

⁴ US Department of Ed, (Dec 2015) <u>http://www.ed.gov/news/press-releases/us-high-school-graduation-rate-hits-new-record-high-0</u>

Adult Prevalence of Mental Illness - Adults with Any Mental Illness (AMI)

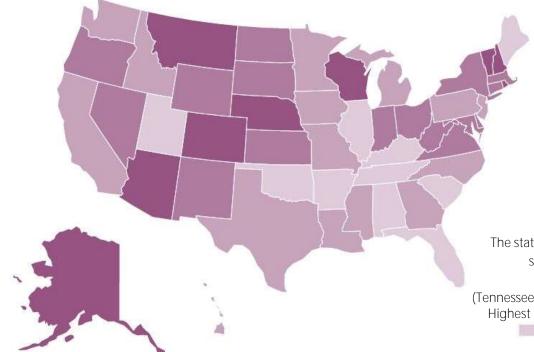


According to SAMHSA, "Any Mental Illness" (AMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder. Any mental illness includes persons who have mild mental illness, moderate mental illness, and serious mental illness.

Rank	State	%	#
1	Florida	16.03	2,463,000
2	North Dakota	16.12	89,000
3	New Jersey	16.27	1,106,000
4	Maryland	16.30	735,000
5	Illinois	16.37	1,587,000
6	Connecticut	16.44	454,000
7	South Dakota	16.78	104,000
8	lowa	16.83	392,000
9	Texas	16.88	3,229,000
10	Hawaii	17.04	178,000
11	Pennsylvania	17.52	1,731,000
12	Kansas	17.56	371,000
13	South Carolina	17.59	636,000
14	New York	17.63	2,684,000
15	Colorado	17.87	710,000
16	Virginia	18.08	1,124,000
17	Alaska	18.12	94,000
18	California	18.14	5,241,000
19	Nebraska	18.20	251,000
20	Wisconsin	18.44	807,000
21	Nevada	18.52	392,000
22	Georgia	18.57	1,365,000
23	Arizona	18.59	920,000
24	Missouri	18.95	862,000
25	Michigan	19.05	1,441,000
26	Oklahoma	19.05	540,000

Rank	State	%	#
27	Delaware	19.06	136,000
28	Wyoming	19.14	83,000
29	Mississippi	19.29	422,000
30	District of Columbia	19.32	102,000
31	North Carolina	19.33	1,429,000
32	Alabama	19.51	712,000
33	Minnesota	19.65	806,000
34	Montana	19.76	154,000
35	Washington	19.76	1,049,000
36	Louisiana	19.83	678,000
37	Arkansas	20.00	441,000
38	New Mexico	20.01	309,000
39	Kentucky	20.08	663,000
40	Massachusetts	20.11	1,056,000
41	Indiana	20.25	993,000
42	Ohio	20.26	1,777,000
43	Tennessee	20.41	1,005,000
44	Vermont	20.46	102,000
45	Maine	20.55	217,000
46	Idaho	20.81	244,000
47	New Hampshire	20.86	217,000
48	Utah	20.87	417,000
49	West Virginia	21.15	305,000
50	Rhode Island	21.60	178,000
51	Oregon	22.66	692,000
	National	18.29	43,697,000

Adults with Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drug or Alcohol



8.47% of adults in America report having a substance use or alcohol problem.

The state prevalence of adult alcohol and substance use ranges from:

(Tennessee) 7.18% Highest Ranked

12.51% (DC) Lowest Ranked

8

Rank	State	%	#
1	Tennessee	7.18	354,000
2	Arkansas	7.23	159,000
3	Utah	7.33	146,000
4	Alabama	7.55	276,000
5	Kentucky	7.70	254,000
6	Maine	7.92	83,000
7	South Carolina	7.92	287,000
8	Illinois	7.95	771,000
9	Oklahoma	7.98	226,000
10	Florida	7.99	1,227,000
11	Mississippi	7.99	175,000
12	Georgia	8.01	589,000
13	New Jersey	8.01	544,000
14	Texas	8.03	1,536,000
15	Michigan	8.06	609,000
16	lowa	8.10	189,000
17	Missouri	8.26	376,000
18	Minnesota	8.35	343,000
19	North Carolina	8.42	623,000
20	Louisiana	8.44	289,000
21	Hawaii	8.51	89,000
22	California	8.57	2,475,000
23	Washington	8.60	456,000
24	Idaho	8.61	101,000
25	Pennsylvania	8.64	853,000
26	Virginia	8.66	538,000

Rank	State	%	#
27	Delaware	8.70	62,000
28	New York	8.74	1,331,000
29	Connecticut	8.82	244,000
30	Maryland	8.82	398,000
31	Nevada	8.86	187,000
32	West Virginia	8.86	128,000
33	Indiana	8.90	436,000
34	Ohio	8.94	784,000
35	Massachusetts	8.96	471,000
36	North Dakota	9.11	50,000
37	New Mexico	9.12	141,000
38	Wyoming	9.13	40,000
39	Kansas	9.19	194,000
40	South Dakota	9.23	58,000
41	Oregon	9.38	287,000
42	Montana	9.49	74,000
43	Nebraska	9.56	132,000
44	Vermont	9.71	48,000
45	Alaska	9.74	51,000
46	Wisconsin	9.77	427,000
47	Colorado	9.78	389,000
48	New Hampshire	9.83	102,000
49	Arizona	9.87	489,000
50	Rhode Island	10.42	86,000
51	District of Columbia	12.51	66,000
	National	8.47	20,245,000

SAMHSA reports that the term "Illicit Drugs" includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used non-medically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006.

Adults with Serious Thoughts of Suicide

The percentage of adults reporting serious thoughts of suicide is 3.94%. The estimated number of adults with serious suicidal thoughts equals 9.4 million individuals.

The state prevalence of adult with serious thoughts of suicide range from:

(Connecticut) 3.34% Highest Ranked

4.85% (Utah) Lowest Ranked

Rank	State	%	#
1	Connecticut	3.34	92,000
2	Florida	3.44	529,000
3	Texas	3.44	658,000
4	Maryland	3.48	157,000
5	New Jersey	3.60	245,000
6	Illinois	3.66	355,000
7	New York	3.71	565,000
8	California	3.78	1,093,000
9	Delaware	3.79	27,000
10	Kansas	3.83	81,000
11	Wyoming	3.83	17,000
12	Wisconsin	3.88	170,000
13	North Dakota	3.89	21,000
14	Virginia	3.89	242,000
15	Oklahoma	3.90	111,000
16	District of Columbia	3.91	21,000
17	South Dakota	3.91	24,000
18	Massachusetts	3.96	208,000
19	New Mexico	3.96	61,000
20	Colorado	3.97	158,000
21	Alabama	3.98	145,000
22	Georgia	3.99	293,000
23	Pennsylvania	4.01	396,000
24	Mississippi	4.03	88,000
25	lowa	4.05	94,000
26	Nebraska	4.05	56,000

Rank	State	%	#
27	Hawaii	4.11	43,000
28	New Hampshire	4.12	43,000
29	Indiana	4.13	203,000
30	South Carolina	4.15	150,000
31	West Virginia	4.18	60,000
32	Missouri	4.20	191,000
33	Alaska	4.21	22,000
34	Louisiana	4.21	144,000
35	Rhode Island	4.21	35,000
36	Minnesota	4.22	173,000
37	Arizona	4.23	210,000
38	Washington	4.26	226,000
39	Maine	4.29	45,000
40	Kentucky	4.31	143,000
41	Nevada	4.37	92,000
42	Tennessee	4.38	216,000
43	Ohio	4.39	385,000
44	North Carolina	4.46	330,000
45	Idaho	4.50	53,000
46	Michigan	4.50	340,000
47	Oregon	4.52	138,000
48	Montana	4.56	36,000
49	Arkansas	4.58	101,000
50	Vermont	4.67	23,000
51	Utah	4.85	97,000
	National	3.94	9,406,000

Youth Prevalence of Mental Illness

Youth with At Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in the Past Year

11.01% of youth (age 12-17) report suffering from at least one major depressive episode (MDE) in the past year. Major Depression is marked by significant and pervasive feelings of sadness that are associated with suicidal thoughts **and impair a young person's ability** to concentrate or engage in normal activities.

> Data indicate a significant increase in the number of depressed youth across the county over time.

The state prevalence of youth with MDE ranges from:

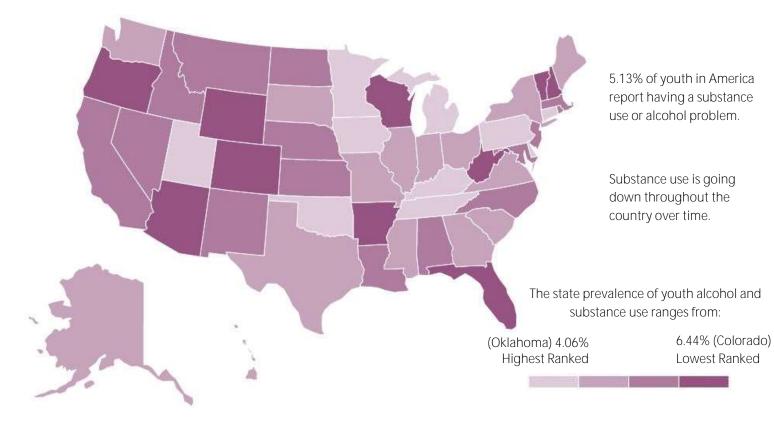
(District of Columbia) 8.69%
Highest Ranked

14.62% (Oregon) Lowest Ranked

Rank	State	%	#
27	West Virginia	10.92	14,000
28	Nebraska	10.97	16,000
29	Minnesota	10.98	47,000
30	Vermont	11.01	5,000
31	Massachusetts	11.11	54,000
32	Texas	11.25	262,000
33	Maryland	11.33	52,000
34	Kansas	11.34	27,000
35	North Carolina	11.44	88,000
36	California	11.53	355,000
37	Idaho	11.55	17,000
38	Nevada	11.64	26,000
39	Colorado	11.68	48,000
40	Wyoming	11.68	5,000
41	Arkansas	11.95	28,000
42	New Hampshire	12.00	12,000
43	Virginia	12.02	75,000
44	Maine	12.04	11,000
45	Washington	12.05	64,000
46	Indiana	12.19	66,000
47	Wisconsin	12.30	55,000
48	Utah	12.47	35,000
49	Rhode Island	12.86	10,000
50	Arizona	13.23	72,000
51	Oregon	14.62	43,000
	National	11.01	2,739,000

Rank	State	%	#
1	District of Columbia	8.69	3,000
2	South Dakota	8.95	6,000
3	Hawaii	9.32	9,000
4	Kentucky	9.34	32,000
5	North Dakota	9.68	5,000
6	Connecticut	9.70	28,000
7	New Mexico	9.79	16,000
8	Georgia	9.80	82,000
9	Tennessee	9.91	50,000
10	Alaska	9.92	6,000
11	South Carolina	9.95	36,000
12	Louisiana	10.06	37,000
13	Illinois	10.17	105,000
14	Montana	10.21	8,000
15	New Jersey	10.22	72,000
16	Oklahoma	10.29	32,000
17	Ohio	10.33	95,000
18	lowa	10.35	25,000
19	Delaware	10.44	7,000
20	New York	10.46	151,000
21	Florida	10.50	146,000
22	Michigan	10.55	84,000
23	Mississippi	10.59	26,000
24	Pennsylvania	10.73	101,000
25	Alabama	10.74	41,000
26	Missouri	10.78	51,000

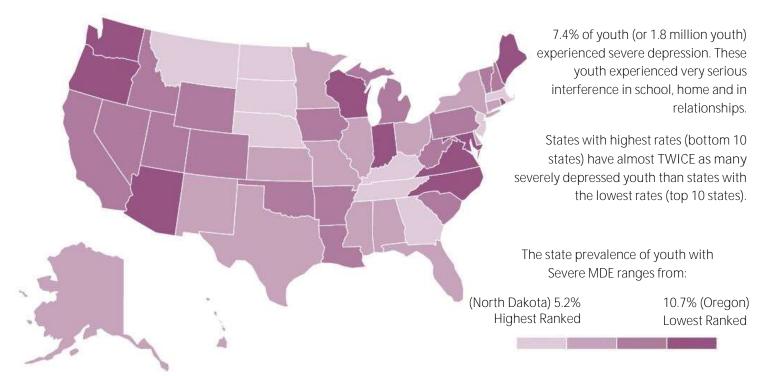
Youth with Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol



Rank	State	%	#
1	Oklahoma	4.06	13,000
2	Minnesota	4.17	18,000
3	Kentucky	4.28	15,000
4	Iowa	4.50	11,000
5	Utah	4.55	13,000
6	Delaware	4.63	3,000
7	Pennsylvania	4.66	44,000
8	Connecticut	4.67	13,000
9	Tennessee	4.67	24,000
10	Michigan	4.70	38,000
11	Virginia	4.71	29,000
12	Illinois	4.73	49,000
13	Georgia	4.76	40,000
14	Alaska	4.80	3,000
15	Missouri	4.87	23,000
16	Ohio	4.87	45,000
17	Maine	4.88	5,000
18	New York	4.90	71,000
19	Mississippi	4.93	12,000
20	Texas	4.93	115,000
21	South Carolina	4.94	18,000
22	Hawaii	4.97	5,000
23	South Dakota	4.99	3,000
24	Washington	5.06	27,000
25	Indiana	5.09	28,000
26	Alabama	5.13	20,000

Rank	State	%	#
			25.000
27	Massachusetts	5.13	25,000
28	New Jersey	5.14	36,000
29	North Carolina	5.20	40,000
30	North Dakota	5.20	3,000
31	Kansas	5.25	12,000
32	New Mexico	5.27	9,000
33	Nevada	5.39	12,000
34	California	5.43	167,000
35	Nebraska	5.51	8,000
36	Rhode Island	5.52	4,000
37	Louisiana	5.56	20,000
38	Idaho	5.59	8,000
39	Maryland	5.61	26,000
40	Montana	5.61	4,000
41	District of Columbia	5.63	2,000
42	West Virginia	5.65	7,000
43	Arkansas	5.67	13,000
44	Florida	5.77	80,000
45	Wyoming	5.79	3,000
46	Vermont	5.83	3,000
47	Arizona	6.05	33,000
48	Oregon	6.29	18,000
49	New Hampshire	6.34	6,000
50	Wisconsin	6.36	28,000
51	Colorado	6.44	26,000
	National	5.13	1,276,000

Youth with Severe Major Depressive Episode



According to SAMHSA, youth who experience a major depressive episode in the last year with severe role impairment (Youth with Severe MDE) reported the maximum level of interference over four role domains including: chores at home, school or work, family relationships, and social life.

Rank	State	%	#
1	North Dakota	5.2	3,000
2	Georgia	5.4	43,000
3	District of Columbia	5.5	2,000
4	Kentucky	5.8	19,000
5	Montana	5.8	4,000
6	Nebraska	5.9	8,000
7	South Dakota	5.9	4,000
8	New Jersey	6.0	42,000
9	Tennessee	6.0	29,000
10	Massachusetts	6.1	29,000
11	Alaska	6.2	4,000
12	Minnesota	6.3	26,000
13	Connecticut	6.4	18,000
14	Hawaii	6.4	6,000
15	New Mexico	6.4	10,000
16	Illinois	6.7	68,000
17	New York	6.7	95,000
18	Ohio	6.9	63,000
19	Delaware	7.0	5,000
20	Florida	7.0	95,000
21	Mississippi	7.0	17,000
22	Texas	7.1	161,000
23	Alabama	7.2	27,000
24	Missouri	7.2	34,000
25	Kansas	7.3	17,000
26	Louisiana	7.3	26,000

Rank	State	%	#
27	New Hampshire	7.3	7,000
28	Pennsylvania	7.3	67,000
29	South Carolina	7.4	26,000
30	Arkansas	7.5	17,000
31	California	7.5	227,000
32	Oklahoma	7.5	23,000
33	West Virginia	7.5	10,000
34	Wyoming	7.5	3,000
35	Nevada	7.6	16,000
36	Michigan	7.7	60,000
37	Utah	7.7	21,000
38	Vermont	7.8	3,000
39	Colorado	8.0	31,000
40	lowa	8.0	19,000
41	Idaho	8.2	11,000
42	North Carolina	8.7	64,000
43	Maryland	8.8	39,000
44	Indiana	9.0	47,000
45	Maine	9.0	8,000
46	Washington	9.2	48,000
47	Virginia	9.9	59,000
48	Rhode Island	10.0	7,000
49	Arizona	10.2	54,000
50	Wisconsin	10.6	47,000
51	Oregon	10.7	30,000
	National	7.4	1,801,000

Adult Access to Care

Adults with AMI who Did Not Receive Treatment

56.5% of adults with a mental illness received no treatment. Lack of access to treatment is slowly improving. In 2011, 59% of adults with a mental health problem did not receive any mental health treatment.

Reasons for not receiving treatment can be individual or systemic.

It takes time for people to recognize that the struggles they are experiencing are symptoms of a mental health problem. 84% of the time between when a person first experiences symptoms and first engages in treatment is spent not recognizing the symptoms of mental illness.⁵

Providing people with accessible and easy screening tools and encouraging primary care physicians to screen and ask about mental health problems are necessary in reducing untreated mental illness.

The state prevalence of untreated adults with mental illness ranges from:

67.5% (Nevada)

Lowest Ranked

(Vermont) 43.1% Highest Ranked

Rank	State	%	#
1	Vermont	43.1	43,000
2	Maine	44.7	106,000
3	lowa	45.4	175,000
4	Massachusetts	45.7	466,000
5	Minnesota	46.0	341,000
6	North Carolina	48.6	649,000
7	New Hampshire	49.0	108,000
8	Connecticut	50.4	237,000
9	Arkansas	50.8	222,000
10	Virginia	51.3	570,000
11	Missouri	51.4	433,000
12	Delaware	52.0	71,000
13	Kentucky	52.0	334,000
14	Pennsylvania	52.4	904,000
15	Oregon	52.5	384,000
16	Wyoming	52.7	45,000
17	Michigan	52.9	789,000
18	South Dakota	53.2	50,000
19	Idaho	53.3	131,000
20	Kansas	53.3	188,000
21	Wisconsin	53.4	418,000
22	Alabama	53.6	382,000
23	Ohio	53.7	951,000
24	West Virginia	53.9	175,000
25	Montana	54.2	81,000
26	Illinois	54.5	849,000

State Rank Rhode Island 54.6 101.000 **District of Columbia** 55.2 59,000 29 South Carolina 55.4 346,000 Utah 55.7 249,000 138,000 Nebraska 55.8 New Jersey 56.3 562,000 563,000 Tennessee 56.5 New Mexico 56.7 178,000 Indiana 57.2 566,000 Maryland 57.2 412,000 North Dakota 58.0 46,000 Oklahoma 58.3 345,000 Washington 58.6 635,000 Louisiana 58.9 406,000 41 Arizona 59.3 541,000 Texas 59.7 1,963,000 New York 60.3 1,645,000 44 Mississippi 60.5 253,000 45 Alaska 61.3 59,000 Georgia 61.6 839,000 Colorado 61.7 421,000 California 62.3 3,272,000 Florida 62.3 1,559,000 50 Hawaii 66.0 126,000 Nevada 67.5 257,000 National 56.5 24,644,000

⁵ Korczak, D. J., & Goldstein, B. I. (2009). Childhood onset major depressive disorder: course of illness and psychiatric comorbidity in a community sample. The Journal of pediatrics, 155(1), 118-123.

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Adults with AMI Reporting Unmet Need

One out of five (20.3%) adults with a mental illness report they are not able to get the treatment they need.

States with the highest levels of unmet need (bottom 10) are 1.6 times more likely to have people report unmet need.

Unlike the number of people with mental illness who did not receive treatment, the individuals who are reporting unmet need are seeking treatment and facing barriers to getting the help they need.

Once a person recognizes that they may have a mental health problem, finding support (especially the right kind of support) is often difficult. Several systemic barriers to accessing care include:

- 1) Lack of insurance or inadequate insurance
- 2) Lack of available treatment providers
- Lack of available treatment types (inpatient treatment, individual therapy, intensive community services)
- Insufficient finances to cover costs including, copays, uncovered treatment types, or when providers do not take insurance.

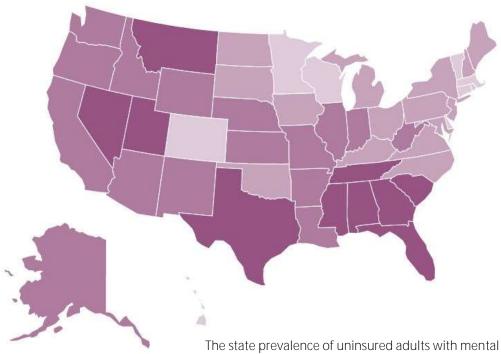
Rank	State	%	#
1	Hawaii	13.6	26,000
2	California	17.2	900,000
3	Montana	17.2	26,000
4	Alaska	17.3	17,000
5	Vermont	17.6	18,000
6	Maine	17.8	42,000
7	Rhode Island	18.1	33,000
8	Texas	18.3	603,000
9	Massachusetts	18.6	190,000
10	Alabama	18.7	133,000
11	Arkansas	18.9	83,000
12	Florida	19.0	476,000
13	Arizona	19.1	177,000
14	New York	19.1	522,000
15	New Jersey	19.3	193,000
16	Wisconsin	19.4	152,000
17	Delaware	19.5	26,000
18	Georgia	19.5	266,000
19	New Mexico	19.5	61,000
20	Oklahoma	19.5	115,000
21	Louisiana	19.7	136,000
22	South Carolina	19.8	124,000
23	Connecticut	20.1	93,000
24	South Dakota	20.6	19,000
25	Colorado	20.7	140,000
26	Michigan	20.7	310,000

The state prevalence of adults with AMI reporting unmet treatment needs ranges from:

(Hawaii) 13.6% Highest Ranked 25.9% (Missouri) Lowest Ranked

Rank	State	%	#
27	Pennsylvania	20.9	361,000
28	New Hampshire	21.0	46,000
29	Ohio	21.3	377,000
30	Wyoming	21.4	18,000
31	Maryland	21.5	155,000
32	North Dakota	21.6	17,000
33	lowa	21.7	84,000
34	North Carolina	21.8	292,000
35	Tennessee	21.8	219,000
36	Illinois	22.2	347,000
37	Mississippi	22.2	93,000
38	Kansas	22.7	80,000
39	Virginia	22.8	254,000
40	West Virginia	22.8	74,000
41	Washington	22.9	247,000
42	Nevada	23.0	88,000
43	Nebraska	23.3	58,000
44	Oregon	23.5	170,000
45	Indiana	24.0	233,000
46	Minnesota	24.1	179,000
47	Kentucky	24.4	157,000
48	Idaho	24.7	61,000
49	District of Columbia	25.6	27,000
50	Utah	25.6	114,000
51	Missouri	25.9	218,000
	National	20.3	8,850,000

THE STATE OF MENTAL HEALTH IN AMERICA 2017



17% (over 7.5 million) of adults with a mental illness remain uninsured.

With a national focus on health care access, the uninsured rate is improving.

In 2011, 19% of adults with a mental illness were uninsured.

Alabama, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and New Mexico had the largest increase in access to mental health coverage among adults.

Unfortunately, having insurance coverage does not mean access to needed treatment.

56.5% of adults with mental illness received no treatment in the past year. For those seeking treatment, 20.3% continue to report unmet treatment needs.

illness ranges from: (Massachusetts) 2.7% 28.2% (Nevada)

Highest Ranked

28.2% (Nevada) Lowest Ranked

Rank	State	%	#
1	Massachusetts	2.7	28,000
2	District of Columbia	4.1	4,000
3	Vermont	6.0	6,000
4	Hawaii	7.1	13,000
5	Connecticut	9.2	43,000
6	Minnesota	9.9	74,000
7	Delaware	10.7	14,000
8	Rhode Island	10.7	20,000
9	Wisconsin	10.9	86,000
10	Colorado	11.2	76,000
11	New York	11.3	308,000
12	lowa	11.7	45,000
13	Pennsylvania	11.8	204,000
14	New Jersey	12.2	122,000
15	South Dakota	12.8	12,000
16	New Hampshire	13.1	29,000
17	Maryland	13.3	96,000
18	Maine	14.3	34,000
19	North Dakota	14.6	12,000
20	Ohio	14.7	260,000
21	North Carolina	15.1	202,000
22	Kentucky	15.2	98,000
23	Virginia	15.4	171,000
24	Michigan	15.5	232,000
25	Oklahoma	16.2	97,000
26	New Mexico	16.3	51,000

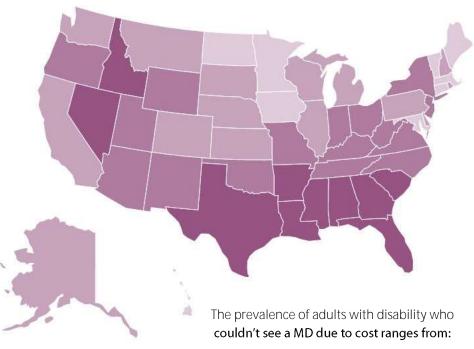
Rank	State	%	#
27	Illinois	16.5	259,000
28	California	17.0	892,000
29	Alaska	17.1	17,000
30	Kansas	17.4	62,000
31	West Virginia	17.5	57,000
32	Nebraska	18.1	45,000
33	Oregon	18.2	133,000
34	Louisiana	18.3	126,000
35	Missouri	18.6	157,000
36	Washington	18.6	202,000
37	Arizona	18.8	174,000
38	Indiana	19.1	189,000
39	Idaho	19.4	48,000
40	Arkansas	19.7	86,000
41	Wyoming	19.7	17,000
42	Alabama	20.8	148,000
43	Utah	21.4	96,000
44	Montana	21.9	33,000
45	Florida	23.6	594,000
46	Georgia	24.1	329,000
47	Mississippi	24.1	101,000
48	Texas	24.5	807,000
49	South Carolina	25.9	162,000
50	Tennessee	27.0	272,000
51	Nevada	28.2	108,000
	National	17.0	7,451,000

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Adults with Disability who Could Not See a Doctor Due to Costs

22.94% of adults with a disability were not able to see a doctor due to costs. The inability to pay for treatment, due to high treatment costs and/or inadequate insurance coverage remains a barrier for those individuals despite being insured.

People with mental health problems have 2.5 to 7 times greater odds of facing barriers to medical care. Fifty percent of adults who were untreated **didn't receive treatment because of** costs. These barriers include not having access to a primary care physician, not being able to get needed medical care, not having access to needed medication, and delayed medical treatment because of costs.⁷



Rank State # Vermont 13.99 14,799 Hawaii 14.60 23,566 Maryland 15.02 116,770 Massachusetts 15.48 172,984 70,141 lowa 15.80 North Dakota 16.05 14,444 115,052 Minnesota 16.55 Connecticut 90,187 16.97 43,660 Maine 17.23 10 **District of Columbia** 14,515 17.58 21,739 South Dakota 17.58 26,927 Delaware 17.93 Pennsylvania 18.39 392,862 California 18.42 989,739 15 Washington 19.07 240,252 Colorado 19.32 150,376 Alaska 19.57 20,460 18 Kansas 19.57 83,025 Wisconsin 20.14 173,642 20 Nebraska 53,481 21.15 Montana 21.17 38,420 Illinois 21.33 356,842 Michigan 21.34 360,242 24 Rhode Island 21.38 34,684 **New Hampshire** 43,729 21.78 26 New York 21.98 622,253 (Vermont) 13.99% Highest Ranked 32.11% (Georgia) Lowest Ranked

Rank	State	%	#
27	Oregon	22.12	168,274
28	Wyoming	22.85	19,831
29	Missouri	22.98	242,560
30	New Jersey	23.01	247,481
31	Virginia	23.48	274,837
32	West Virginia	23.61	99,442
33	Oklahoma	23.95	178,701
34	Ohio	24.13	473,801
35	Arizona	24.75	258,773
36	Utah	24.92	89,128
37	Indiana	25.42	271,816
38	North Carolina	25.75	410,691
39	Tennessee	25.75	325,617
40	New Mexico	26.11	91,104
41	Kentucky	26.38	239,331
42	Alabama	26.41	268,038
43	Nevada	26.70	112,781
44	Florida	26.88	903,046
45	Texas	27.56	884,311
46	Louisiana	27.81	216,683
47	Arkansas	28.73	167,867
48	South Carolina	29.06	256,709
49	Idaho	29.14	69,095
50	Mississippi	32.07	170,709
51	Georgia	32.11	474,869
	National	22.94	11,330,000

⁷ Bradford, Kim, Braxton, and others, "Access to medical care among persons with psychotic and major affective disorders," Psychiatric Services 59(8), pp. 847-852, 2008 (AHRQ grant HS13353).

Youth Access to Care

Youth with MDE who Did Not Receive Mental Health Services

64.1% of youth with major depression do not receive any mental health treatment.

That means that 6 out of 10 young people who have depression and who are most at risk of suicidal thoughts, difficulty in school, and difficulty in relationships with others do not get the treatment needed to support them.

The state prevalence of untreated youth with depression ranges from:

(New Hampshire) 42.1% Highest Ranked 77.0% (Arkansas) Lowest Ranked

Rank	State	%	#
1	New Hampshire	42.1	4,000
2	lowa	42.5	9,000
3	Vermont	44.9	2,000
4	Connecticut	47.2	12,000
5	Alaska	48.1	2,000
6	Maine	49.4	6,000
7	Minnesota	51.2	15,000
8	West Virginia	51.6	6,000
9	Maryland	53.3	29,000
10	New Jersey	54.0	30,000
11	Washington	54.2	33,000
12	Kansas	56.6	15,000
13	Colorado	58.4	23,000
14	Massachusetts	58.8	21,000
15	South Dakota	58.9	3,000
16	Pennsylvania	59.4	51,000
17	Wyoming	60.6	3,000
18	Utah	61.1	19,000
19	Michigan	61.3	50,000
20	Oregon	62.0	26,000
21	New Mexico	62.2	11,000
22	Mississippi	62.5	13,000
23	California	63.0	199,000
24	Delaware	63.1	4,000
25	North Dakota	63.4	2,000
26	Ohio	64.0	56,000

27 New York 64.3 76,000 28 Georgia 64.5 37,000 29 Idaho 64.6 10,000 30 Illinois 64.8 61,000 31 North Carolina 65.7 50,000 32 Kentucky 66.7 19,000 33 Rhode Island 67.1 6,000 34 Texas 67.3 159,000 35 Louisiana 67.4 23,000 36 Missouri 67.8 30,000 37 South Carolina 68.6 22,000 38 Florida 68.8 89,000 39 Wisconsin 68.9 40,000 40 Nebraska 69.2 7,000 41 Oklahoma 69.6 17,000 42 Arizona 69.7 43,000 43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 In	Rank	State	%	#
29 Idaho 64.6 10,000 30 Illinois 64.8 61,000 31 North Carolina 65.7 50,000 32 Kentucky 66.7 19,000 33 Rhode Island 67.1 6,000 34 Texas 67.3 159,000 35 Louisiana 67.4 23,000 36 Missouri 67.8 30,000 37 South Carolina 68.6 22,000 38 Florida 68.8 89,000 39 Wisconsin 68.9 40,000 40 Nebraska 69.2 7,000 41 Oklahoma 69.6 17,000 42 Arizona 69.7 43,000 43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alab	27	New York	64.3	76,000
30 Illinois 64.8 61,000 31 North Carolina 65.7 50,000 32 Kentucky 66.7 19,000 33 Rhode Island 67.1 6,000 34 Texas 67.3 159,000 35 Louisiana 67.4 23,000 36 Missouri 67.8 30,000 37 South Carolina 68.6 22,000 38 Florida 68.8 89,000 39 Wisconsin 68.9 40,000 40 Nebraska 69.2 7,000 41 Oklahoma 69.6 17,000 42 Arizona 69.7 43,000 43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 Di	28	Georgia	64.5	37,000
31 North Carolina 65.7 50,000 32 Kentucky 66.7 19,000 33 Rhode Island 67.1 6,000 34 Texas 67.3 159,000 35 Louisiana 67.4 23,000 36 Missouri 67.8 30,000 37 South Carolina 68.6 22,000 38 Florida 68.8 89,000 39 Wisconsin 68.9 40,000 40 Nebraska 69.2 7,000 41 Oklahoma 69.6 17,000 42 Arizona 69.7 43,000 43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49	29	Idaho	64.6	10,000
32 Kentucky 66.7 19,000 33 Rhode Island 67.1 6,000 34 Texas 67.3 159,000 35 Louisiana 67.4 23,000 36 Missouri 67.8 30,000 37 South Carolina 68.6 22,000 38 Florida 68.8 89,000 39 Wisconsin 68.9 40,000 40 Nebraska 69.2 7,000 41 Oklahoma 69.6 17,000 42 Arizona 69.7 43,000 43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 <	30	Illinois	64.8	61,000
33 Rhode Island 67.1 6,000 34 Texas 67.3 159,000 35 Louisiana 67.4 23,000 36 Missouri 67.8 30,000 37 South Carolina 68.6 22,000 38 Florida 68.8 89,000 39 Wisconsin 68.9 40,000 40 Nebraska 69.2 7,000 41 Oklahoma 69.6 17,000 42 Arizona 69.7 43,000 43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	31	North Carolina	65.7	50,000
34 Texas 67.3 159,000 35 Louisiana 67.4 23,000 36 Missouri 67.8 30,000 37 South Carolina 68.6 22,000 38 Florida 68.8 89,000 39 Wisconsin 68.9 40,000 40 Nebraska 69.2 7,000 41 Oklahoma 69.6 17,000 42 Arizona 69.7 43,000 43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	32	Kentucky	66.7	19,000
35 Louisiana 67.4 23,000 36 Missouri 67.8 30,000 37 South Carolina 68.6 22,000 38 Florida 68.8 89,000 39 Wisconsin 68.9 40,000 40 Nebraska 69.2 7,000 41 Oklahoma 69.6 17,000 42 Arizona 69.7 43,000 43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	33	Rhode Island	67.1	6,000
36 Missouri 67.8 30,000 37 South Carolina 68.6 22,000 38 Florida 68.8 89,000 39 Wisconsin 68.9 40,000 40 Nebraska 69.2 7,000 41 Oklahoma 69.6 17,000 42 Arizona 69.7 43,000 43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	34	Texas	67.3	159,000
37 South Carolina 68.6 22,000 38 Florida 68.8 89,000 39 Wisconsin 68.9 40,000 40 Nebraska 69.2 7,000 41 Oklahoma 69.6 17,000 42 Arizona 69.7 43,000 43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	35	Louisiana	67.4	23,000
38 Florida 68.8 89,000 39 Wisconsin 68.9 40,000 40 Nebraska 69.2 7,000 41 Oklahoma 69.6 17,000 42 Arizona 69.7 43,000 43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	36	Missouri	67.8	30,000
39 Wisconsin 68.9 40,000 40 Nebraska 69.2 7,000 41 Oklahoma 69.6 17,000 42 Arizona 69.7 43,000 43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	37	South Carolina	68.6	22,000
40 Nebraska 69.2 7,000 41 Oklahoma 69.6 17,000 42 Arizona 69.7 43,000 43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	38	Florida	68.8	89,000
41Oklahoma69.617,00042Arizona69.743,00043Montana70.84,00044Hawaii70.97,00045Indiana71.137,00046Nevada71.613,00047Alabama72.529,00048District of Columbia73.11,00049Virginia76.456,00050Tennessee76.534,000	39	Wisconsin	68.9	40,000
42 Arizona 69.7 43,000 43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	40	Nebraska	69.2	7,000
43 Montana 70.8 4,000 44 Hawaii 70.9 7,000 45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	41	Oklahoma	69.6	17,000
44Hawaii70.97,00045Indiana71.137,00046Nevada71.613,00047Alabama72.529,00048District of Columbia73.11,00049Virginia76.456,00050Tennessee76.534,000	42	Arizona	69.7	43,000
45 Indiana 71.1 37,000 46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	43	Montana	70.8	4,000
46 Nevada 71.6 13,000 47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	44	Hawaii	70.9	7,000
47 Alabama 72.5 29,000 48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	45	Indiana	71.1	37,000
48 District of Columbia 73.1 1,000 49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	46	Nevada	71.6	13,000
49 Virginia 76.4 56,000 50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	47	Alabama	72.5	29,000
50 Tennessee 76.5 34,000	48	District of Columbia	73.1	1,000
	49	Virginia	76.4	56,000
	50	Tennessee	76.5	34,000
51 Arkansas /7.0 16,000	51	Arkansas	77.0	16,000
National 64.1 1,531,000		National	64.1	1,531,000

Youth with Severe MDE who Received Some Consistent Treatment

Nationally, only 21.7% of youth with severe depression receive some consistent treatment (7-25+ visits in a year).

15.7% received only 1-6 visits of treatment in the year.

Even among youth with severe major depression, 62.6% did not receive any mental health treatment.

The state prevalence of youth with severe depression who received some outpatient treatment ranges from:

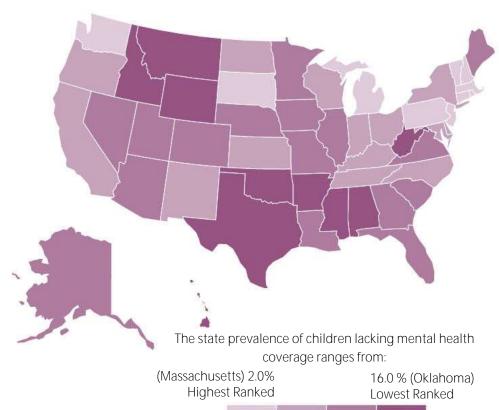
(South Dakota) 39.5 % Highest Ranked 9.4 % (Nevada) Lowest Ranked

Rank	State	%	#
1	South Dakota	39.5	2,000
2	Vermont	38.0	1,000
3	Minnesota	37.4	8,000
4	Colorado	35.4	9,000
5	Alaska	35.1	1,000
6	New Hampshire	32.7	2,000
7	Massachusetts	32.4	8,000
8	North Dakota	31.6	1,000
9	Maine	30.0	2,000
10	Kansas	29.6	5,000
11	Utah	29.0	4,000
12	Nebraska	27.6	2,000
13	Wyoming	27.3	1,000
14	Oregon	26.8	6,000
15	Washington	26.7	10,000
16	West Virginia	26.5	2,000
17	New Jersey	26.4	9,000
18	Maryland	26.3	8,000
19	New Mexico	26.3	3,000
20	Michigan	26.2	15,000
21	New York	25.9	20,000
22	North Carolina	24.2	12,000
23	Connecticut	24.0	4,000
24	Rhode Island	23.7	1,000
25	Wisconsin	23.4	7,000
26	Delaware	22.7	1,000

Yellow/Red maps are used where high percentages are associated with positive outcomes and low percentages are associated with poorer outcomes.

Rank	State	%	#
27	Louisiana	22.5	5,000
28	Pennsylvania	21.7	12,000
29	Kentucky	21.5	4,000
30	Missouri	21.3	7,000
31	Mississippi	21.2	3,000
32	Indiana	21.0	6,000
33	Texas	21.0	29,000
34	California	20.1	37,000
35	lowa	20.1	3,000
36	Idaho	19.5	2,000
37	Ohio	19.1	10,000
38	Hawaii	19.0	1,000
39	Illinois	18.1	11,000
40	Virginia	16.9	8,000
41	Oklahoma	16.8	3,000
42	Arizona	16.7	6,000
43	Arkansas	16.0	2,000
44	District of Columbia	15.9	< 1,000
45	Florida	15.9	13,000
46	South Carolina	14.6	3,000
47	Georgia	13.1	6,000
48	Montana	12.8	< 1,000
49	Tennessee	12.3	3,000
50	Alabama	10.8	2,000
51	Nevada	9.4	1,000
	National	21.7	322,000

Children with Private Insurance that Did Not Cover Mental or Emotional Problems



Children and youth are more likely to have insurance coverage compared to adults.

7.9% of youth had private health insurance that did not cover mental or emotional problems nationally.

Kansas, Louisiana, Arizona, and South Carolina saw the largest increase in access to mental health coverage among children.

Reduction in uncovered mental health care among those states are:

- Kansas 11.3% in 2011 to 5.9% in 2014
- Louisiana 14.7% in 2011 to 10.0% in 2014
- Arizona 12.5% in 2011 to 8.1% in 2014
- South Carolina 14.9% in 2011 to 10.8% in 2014

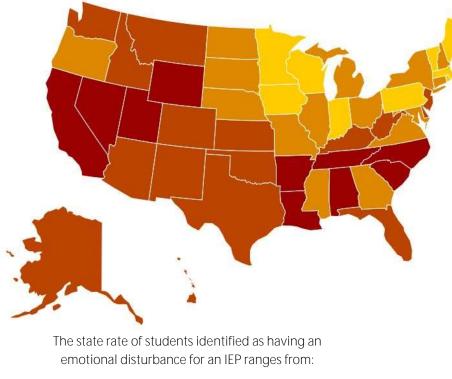
Like adults, having insurance coverage does not mean access to needed treatment.

The percentage of youth with severe depression who received insufficient treatment (less than 6 sessions of treatment) in each of the above states are:

- Kansas 70.4%
- Louisiana 77.5%
- Arizona 83.3%
- South Carolina 85.4%

1 Massachusetts 2.0 6,000	
2 Connecticut 2.7 4,000	
3 South Dakota 3.5 1,000	
4 New Jersey 4.9 20,00	0
5 Washington 5.3 14,00	
6 Michigan 5.4 23,00	
7 Rhode Island 5.4 2,000	
8 New Hampshire 5.5 4,000	
9 Pennsylvania 5.5 28,00	
10 Vermont 5.5 1,000	
11 District of Columbia 5.6 1,000	
12 Kentucky 5.8 10,00	
13 Maryland 5.8 15,00	
14 Kansas 5.9 7,000	
15 Delaware 6.1 2,000	
16 Oregon 6.2 8,000	
17 North Dakota 6.5 2,000	
17 North Dakota 6.5 2,000 18 Wisconsin 6.5 16,00	
10 Wisconsin 6.5 16,00 19 Indiana 6.7 20,00	
20 New York 6.8 49,00 21 New Mexico 7.1 4,000	
22 Ohio 7.6 37,00	
23 California 7.7 104,0 24 Tamanana 7.7 102,00	
24 Tennessee 7.7 18,00 25 Nach Constitution 7.0 22.00	
25 North Carolina 7.8 23,00 2/ Colorada 7.0 17.00	
26 Colorado 7.9 17,00	
27 Utah 7.9 14,00	
28 Arizona 8.1 20,00	
29 Missouri 8.2 20,00	
30 Virginia 8.3 25,00	
31 Alaska 8.7 2,000	
32 Minnesota 8.8 23,00	
33 Illinois 8.9 44,00	
34 Iowa 9.1 13,00	
35 Florida 9.5 51,00	
36 Nebraska 9.5 7,000	
37 Louisiana 10.0 15,00	
38 Georgia 10.1 30,00 30 Main 10.2 5.000	
39 Maine 10.2 5,000	
40 Nevada 10.3 10,00	_
41 South Carolina 10.8 14,00	
42 Alabama 11.0 17,00	
43 Texas 11.4 99,00	
44 West Virginia 12.5 7,000	
45 Montana 12.8 4,000	
46 Wyoming 12.8 3,000	_
47 Idaho 12.9 8,000	
48 Arkansas 13.9 13,00	
49 Mississippi 14.7 11,00	
50 Hawaii 15.8 6,000	_
51 Oklahoma 16.0 18,00	
National 7.90 914,0	00

Students Identified with Emotional Disturbance for an Individualized Education Program



(Vermont) 26.35 Highest Ranked 1.82 (Arkansas) Lowest Ranked

.771% of students are identified as having an Emotional Disturbance (ED) for an Individualized Education Program (IEP).

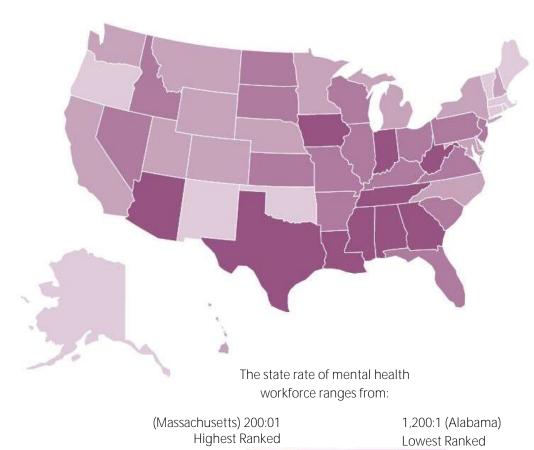
The term "Emotional Disturbance" is used to define youth with a mental illness for purposes of an IEP. Often times youth with emotional or mental health problems are identified as having other issues rather than an emotional or mental health problem. In such cases, it is unclear whether their mental health problems are taken into consideration in planning for appropriate educational modifications and accommodations in their IEP.

The rate for this measure is shown as a rate per 1,000 students. The calculation was made this way for ease of reading. Unfortunately, doing so hides the fact that the percentages are significantly lower. If states were doing a better job of identifying whether youth had emotional difficulties that could be better supported through an IEP – the rates would be closer to 8% instead of .8 percent.

Yellow/Red maps are used where high percentages are associated with positive outcomes and low percentages are associated with poorer outcomes.

		Rate	
		Per 1K Students	
1	Vermont	26.35	2,024
	Minnesota	18.88	14,553
	Massachusetts	17.16	14,719
	District of Columbia	16.95	14,719
	Wisconsin		12,083
		15.98	
	Pennsylvania	14.19	22,946
	Rhode Island	13.37	1,728
	Maine	13.31	2,203
	Indiana	13.31	12,671
10	lowa	12.92	5,604
11	New Hampshire	12.47	2,136
12	Connecticut	10.98	5,391
	Illinois	10.61	19,529
	New York	10.16	25,205
	Ohio	9.85	15,411
	South Dakota	9.52	1,106
	North Dakota	9.23	859
18	Oregon	8.73	4,577
19	Maryland	8.38	6,445
	Michigan	8.18	11,475
21	Virginia	8.11	9,281
22	Nebraska	7.99	2,150
23	Mississippi	7.95	3,550
24	Georgia	7.86	12,122
25	Missouri	7.81	6,380
	Arizona	7.51	7,563
	Colorado	7.46	5,802
28	Kentucky	7.44	4,446
29	Florida	7.03	17,260
30	Oklahoma	7.01	4,097
	New Jersey	6.46	8,031
32	New Mexico	6.32	1,920
33	Delaware	6.22	745
	Texas	5.75	
35			25,941
36	Hawaii	5.71	957
	Montana	5.68	742
37 38	Alaska	5.66	662
30 39	West Virginia	5.45	1,330
	Kansas	5.31	2,330
40	Idaho	5.15	1,385
41	Washington	4.69	4,524
	Nevada	4.50	1,856
	California	4.21	24,106
44	North Carolina	4.06	5,592
	South Carolina	3.93	2,603
46	Tennessee	3.61	3,210
	Utah	3.32	1,866
48	Louisiana	2.75	1,718
	Alabama	1.93	1,308
	Arkansas	1.82	792
	Wyoming	0	0
	National	7.71	345,936

Mental Health Workforce Availability



Nationally, there is one mental health provider for every 529 individuals. **The term "mental health provider" includes:** psychiatrists, psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, counselors, marriage and family therapists, and advanced practice nurses specializing in mental health care.

The workforce shortage among specialized mental health professionals – such as child psychiatrists or forensic specialists—is even higher. There are an estimated 8,300 child psychiatrists across the county compared to over 15 million youths with mental health conditions. ⁸

Over 4,000 areas across the US are considered mental health professional shortage areas, leaving people to travel hours or across state lines to access services.⁹

To make matters worse, low reimbursement rates combined with a limited number of providers and high demand for help means that many providers do not accept insurance, forcing families and individuals to pay high out-of-pocket fees or go without care.

Peer support specialists, workforce development programs, telehealth, or primary care models like Collaborative Care are possible solutions to the significant mental health workforce gap in the states.

⁸ American Academy of Child & Adolescent Psychiatry, Workforce Issues

http://www.aacap.org/aacap/resources_for_primary_care/Workforce_Issues.aspx

⁹ Health Resources & Services Administration, Shortage Designation: Health http://www.hrsa.gov/shortage

Rank	State	Rate
1	Massachusetts	200:1
2	District of Columbia	230:1
3	Maine	240:1
4	Vermont	260:1
5	Oklahoma	270:1
6	Oregon	270:1
7	New Mexico	280:1
8	Rhode Island	280:1
9	Alaska	300:1
10	Connecticut	300:1
11	Wyoming	330:1
12	Colorado	350:1
13	California	360:1
14	Washington	380:1
15	New Hampshire	390:1
16	Utah	390:1
17	Montana	400:1
18	Nebraska	410:1
19	New York	420:1
20	Delaware	420.1
20	North Carolina	440:1
21	Hawaii	440.1
22		450:1
 24	Michigan	
24 25	Maryland Minnesota	470:1
25		490:1
	Arkansas	520:1
27	Idaho	520:1
28	Kansas	550:1
29	Illinois	560:1
30	Kentucky	560:1
31	Nevada	570:1
32	New Jersey	570:1
33	Pennsylvania	580:1
34	Wisconsin	590:1
35	Missouri	600:1
36	North Dakota	610:1
37	South Dakota	630:1
38	Ohio	640:1
39	South Carolina	650:1
40	Virginia	680:1
41	Florida	690:1
42	Indiana –	710:1
43	Tennessee	750:1
44	Arizona	800:1
45	Louisiana	810:1
46	lowa	830:1
47	Mississippi	830:1
48	Georgia	850:1
49	West Virginia	910:1
50	Texas	990:1
51	Alabama	1,200:1
	National	529:1

Appendix

2010-2011

Adults with Any Mental Illness

1 Texas 15.68 2,832,000 2 New Jersey 16.03 1,066,000 3 Illinois 16.05 1,535,000 4 Florida 16.15 2,365,000 5 California 16.42 1,168,000 7 Nevada 16.48 332,000 8 Connecticut 16.58 450,000 9 North Carolina 17.11 1,700 11 Georgia 17.11 1,208,000 12 Hawaii 17.13 174,000 13 Minnesota 17.32 691,000 14 Kansas 17.35 361,000 15 Maryland 17.51 764,000 16 Wisconsin 17.53 753,000 17 Pennsylvania 17.54 1,712,000 18 Colorado 17.58 61,000 19 Nebraska 17.89 630,000 22 South Carolina 18.43 641,000	Rank	State	%	#
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3 Illinois 16.05 1,535,000 4 Florida 16.15 2,365,000 5 California 16.34 4,527,000 6 North Carolina 16.42 1,168,000 7 Nevada 16.48 332,000 8 Connecticut 16.58 450,000 9 North Dakota 16.83 86,000 10 Maine 17.01 177,000 11 Georgia 17.11 1,208,000 12 Hawaii 17.32 691,000 14 Kansas 17.36 361,000 14 Kansas 17.35 753,000 17 Pennsylvania 17.54 1,712,000 18 Colorado 17.58 661,000 19 Nebraska 17.89 239,000 20 Virginia 17.87 107,000 21 Massachusetts 17.86 908,000 22 South Dakota 17.87 107,000	2	New Jersey	16.03	
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34 District of Columbia 19.28 96,000 35 Missouri 19.38 868,000 36 Montana 19.48 148,000 37 Indiana 19.49 937,000 38 Kentucky 19.52 634,000 39 Mississippi 19.73 1,471,000 40 Michigan 19.73 1,471,000 41 Arizona 19.76 932,000 42 Ohio 20.25 1,754,000 43 Oklahoma 20.52 296,000 44 West Virginia 20.52 296,000 45 Oregon 20.61 609,000 46 Arkansas 20.63 447,000 47 Tennessee 21.4 1,024,000 48 Washington 21.54 1,099,000 49 Alabama 21.72 779,000 50 Utah 22.02 417,000 51 Idaho 22.78 257,000 </th <th>32</th> <th>New Hampshire</th> <th>19.19</th> <th>196,000</th>	32	New Hampshire	19.19	196,000
35 Missouri 19.38 868,000 36 Montana 19.48 148,000 37 Indiana 19.49 937,000 38 Kentucky 19.52 634,000 39 Mississippi 19.73 1,471,000 40 Michigan 19.76 932,000 40 Michigan 19.76 932,000 41 Arizona 19.76 932,000 42 Ohio 20.25 1,754,000 43 Oklahoma 20.52 296,000 44 West Virginia 20.52 296,000 45 Oregon 20.61 609,000 46 Arkansas 20.63 447,000 47 Tennessee 21.4 1,024,000 48 Washington 21.54 1,099,000 49 Alabama 21.72 779,000 50 Utah 22.02 417,000 51 Idaho 22.78 257,000	33	Alaska	19.23	97,000
36 Montana 19.48 148,000 37 Indiana 19.49 937,000 38 Kentucky 19.52 634,000 39 Mississippi 19.52 420,000 40 Michigan 19.73 1,471,000 41 Arizona 19.76 932,000 42 Ohio 20.25 1,754,000 43 Oklahoma 20.26 559,000 44 West Virginia 20.52 296,000 45 Oregon 20.61 609,000 46 Arkansas 20.63 447,000 47 Tennessee 21.4 1,024,000 48 Washington 21.54 1,099,000 49 Alabama 21.72 779,000 50 Utah 22.02 417,000 51 Idaho 22.78 257,000	34	District of Columbia	19.28	96,000
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38 Kentucky 19.52 634,000 39 Mississippi 19.52 420,000 40 Michigan 19.73 1,471,000 41 Arizona 19.76 932,000 42 Ohio 20.25 1,754,000 43 Oklahoma 20.26 559,000 44 West Virginia 20.52 296,000 45 Oregon 20.61 609,000 46 Arkansas 20.63 447,000 47 Tennessee 21.4 1,024,000 48 Washington 21.54 1,099,000 49 Alabama 21.72 779,000 50 Utah 22.02 417,000	36	Montana	19.48	148,000
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41Arizona19.76932,00042Ohio20.251,754,00043Oklahoma20.26559,00044West Virginia20.52296,00045Oregon20.61609,00046Arkansas20.63447,00047Tennessee21.41,024,00048Washington21.541,099,00049Alabama21.72779,00050Utah22.02417,00051Idaho22.78257,000	39	Mississippi	19.52	420,000
42 Ohio 20.25 1,754,000 43 Oklahoma 20.26 559,000 44 West Virginia 20.52 296,000 45 Oregon 20.61 609,000 46 Arkansas 20.63 447,000 47 Tennessee 21.4 1,024,000 48 Washington 21.54 1,099,000 49 Alabama 21.72 779,000 50 Utah 22.02 417,000 51 Idaho 22.78 257,000	40	Michigan	19.73	1,471,000
43 Oklahoma 20.26 559,000 44 West Virginia 20.52 296,000 45 Oregon 20.61 609,000 46 Arkansas 20.63 447,000 47 Tennessee 21.4 1,024,000 48 Washington 21.54 1,099,000 49 Alabama 21.72 779,000 50 Utah 22.02 417,000 51 Idaho 22.78 257,000		Arizona	19.76	932,000
44 West Virginia 20.52 296,000 45 Oregon 20.61 609,000 46 Arkansas 20.63 447,000 47 Tennessee 21.4 1,024,000 48 Washington 21.54 1,099,000 49 Alabama 21.72 779,000 50 Utah 22.02 417,000 51 Idaho 22.78 257,000		Ohio	20.25	1,754,000
45 Oregon 20.61 609,000 46 Arkansas 20.63 447,000 47 Tennessee 21.4 1,024,000 48 Washington 21.54 1,099,000 49 Alabama 21.72 779,000 50 Utah 22.02 417,000 51 Idaho 22.78 257,000		Oklahoma	20.26	559,000
46 Arkansas 20.63 447,000 47 Tennessee 21.4 1,024,000 48 Washington 21.54 1,099,000 49 Alabama 21.72 779,000 50 Utah 22.02 417,000 51 Idaho 22.78 257,000		West Virginia	20.52	296,000
47 Tennessee 21.4 1,024,000 48 Washington 21.54 1,099,000 49 Alabama 21.72 779,000 50 Utah 22.02 417,000 51 Idaho 22.78 257,000		Oregon	20.61	609,000
48 Washington 21.54 1,099,000 49 Alabama 21.72 779,000 50 Utah 22.02 417,000 51 Idaho 22.78 257,000		Arkansas	20.63	447,000
49 Alabama 21.72 779,000 50 Utah 22.02 417,000 51 Idaho 22.78 257,000		Tennessee	21.4	
50 Utah 22.02 417,000 51 Idaho 22.78 257,000		Washington	21.54	1,099,000
51 Idaho 22.78 257,000		Alabama	21.72	779,000
		Utah	22.02	417,000
National 17.9 41,423,000	51	Idaho		
		National	17.9	41,423,000

2010-2011	
Adults with	
Aduits with	

Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol

ank	State	%	#
	Utah	6.37	123,000
2	Kentucky	6.47	210,000
3	Alabama	6.75	240,000
4	Maine	6.86	71,000
5	Maryland	6.90	299,000
6	Arkansas	6.94	150,000
7	Georgia	6.97	496,000
8	North Carolina	7.07	499,000
9	West Virginia	7.22	103,000
10	Mississippi	7.26	156,000
11	Missouri	7.36	330,000
12	Florida	7.62	1,106,000
13	Louisiana	7.66	255,000
14	Delaware	8.05	55,000
15	Texas	8.13	1,462,000
16	South Carolina	8.19	283,000
17	Nebraska	8.24	111,000
18	New Jersey	8.28	548,000
19	Virginia	8.33	496,000
20	Tennessee	8.35	400,000
21	Wyoming	8.48	35,000
22	Kansas	8.52	177,000
23	New York	8.55	1,276,000
24	Illinois	8.59	823,000
25	Indiana	8.60	412,000
26	New Hampshire	8.68	89,000
27	Hawaii	8.72	86,000
28	Michigan	8.76	655,000
29	lowa	8.83	202,000
30	Wisconsin	8.83	380,000
31	Washington	8.85	452,000
32	Pennsylvania	9.06	881,000
33	Ohio	9.09	788,000
34	New Mexico	9.15	137,000
35	Oklahoma	9.15	251,000
36	Connecticut	9.17	247,000
37	California	9.21	2,538,000
38	Minnesota	9.28	371,000
39	Idaho	9.41	106,000
40	Alaska	9.44	48,000
41	North Dakota	9.69	49,000
42	Oregon	9.94	294,000
43	Vermont	10.04	50,000
44	Colorado	10.11	382,000
45	South Dakota	10.13	61,000
46	Massachusetts	10.34	528,000
47	Montana	10.35	78,000
48	Arizona	10.53	506,000
49	Nevada	10.78	214,000
50	Rhode Island	11.00	90,000
51	District of Columbia	13.08	65,000
	National	8.51	19,661,000

34 The State of Mental Health in America 2017

Adults with Serious Thoughts of Suicide

Runix			"
	Texas	2.94	529,000
2	Illinois	3.33	319,000
	Florida	3.36	487,000
	Georgia	3.4	242,000
5	New Jersey	3.44	228,000
6	California	3.49	961,000
	Hawaii	3.55	35,000
8	Nevada	3.57	71,000
9	Colorado	3.59	136,000
10	Maryland	3.6	156,000
	Connecticut	3.62	98,000
	North Dakota	3.62	18,000
	North Carolina	3.63	257,000
14	Louisiana	3.7	123,000
15	New York	3.72	556,000
16	Tennessee	3.74	179,000
	lowa	3.76	86,000
18	New Mexico	3.79	57,000
19	South Carolina	3.8	131,000
20	Nebraska	3.85	52,000
21	Mississippi	3.88	83,000
22	Wyoming	3.88	16,000
23	Kansas	3.93	82,000
24	Massachusetts	3.95	202,000
25	Minnesota	3.98	159,000
26	Pennsylvania	4	389,000
27	Virginia	4	238,000
28	Maine	4.02	42,000
29	District of Columbia	4.03	20,000
30	Oregon	4.06	120,000
31	Ohio	4.11	357,000
32	Arizona	4.13	199,000
33	Kentucky	4.13	134,000
34	Missouri	4.13	185,000
35	Rhode Island	4.13	34,000
36	Wisconsin	4.13	178,000
37	West Virginia	4.14	59,000
38	South Dakota	4.15	25,000
39	Alabama	4.16	148,000
40	Arkansas	4.22	91,000
41	Montana	4.23	32,000
42	Indiana	4.28	205,000
43	Delaware	4.32	29,000
44	Washington	4.37	223,000
45	Idaho	4.43	50,000
46	Alaska	4.46	22,000
47	Michigan	4.49	336,000
48	Utah	4.55	87,000
49	Oklahoma	4.61	126,000
50	New Hampshire	4.74	49,000
	Vermont	4.83	24,000
	National	3.75	8,662,000
			, , ,

	Rank	State	%	#
	1	District of Columbia	6.46	2,000
	2	Indiana	7.14	38,000
	3	Louisiana	7.21	26,000
	4	New York	7.22	108,000
	5	Mississippi	7.3	18,000
2010-2011	6	North Carolina	7.37	54,000
2010-2011	7	North Dakota	7.4	4,000
Youth with	8	Alaska	7.42	4,000
	9	Vermont	7.47	3,000
At Least One	10	Wisconsin	7.49	33,000
Major	11	Maryland	7.55	34,000
Depressive	12	lowa	7.58	18,000
Episode	13	Alabama	7.62	29,000
	14	New Jersey	7.73	54,000
(MDE) in the	15	Connecticut	7.78	22,000
Past Year	16	Texas	7.94	174,000
	17	Montana	7.97	6,000
	18	Hawaii	7.99	8,000
	19	Rhode Island	8.07	6,000
	20	Florida	8.11	110,000
	21	Ohio	8.12	75,000
	22	South Carolina	8.13	29,000
	23	Oklahoma	8.17	24,000
	24	Illinois	8.19	87,000
	25	Colorado	8.2	32,000
	26	Pennsylvania	8.22	79,000
	27	California	8.24	258,000
	28	Tennessee	8.27	41,000
	29	Utah	8.36	22,000
	30	Idaho	8.37	11,000
	31	West Virginia	8.39	11,000
	32	Maine	8.44	8,000
	33	Arkansas	8.5	20,000
	34	Kansas	8.5	20,000
	35	Nebraska	8.5	12,000
	36	Virginia	8.55	52,000
	37	Georgia	8.58	70,000
	38	Missouri	8.61	41,000
	39	Nevada	8.61	18,000
	40	Oregon	8.63	25,000
	41	Washington	8.82	46,000
	42	Massachusetts	8.83	44,000
	43	Arizona	8.84	47,000
	44	Minnesota	8.85	37,000
	45	South Dakota	8.87	6,000
	46	Kentucky	8.88	30,000
	47	New Mexico	8.99	15,000
	48	Wyoming	9.18	4,000
	49	Delaware	9.35	6,000
	50	New Hampshire	9.49	10,000
	51	Michigan	0.61	79,000

Michigan

National

78,000

2,010,000

9.61

8.15

Youth with Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol

Rank	State	%	#
	Maryland	5.62	26,000
	Utah	5.63	15,000
	Louisiana	5.64	21,000
	Mississippi	5.74	14,000
5	Indiana	5.85	31,000
6	Maine	5.93	6,000
	Alabama	5.95	23,000
8	Arkansas	6.02	14,000
9	West Virginia	6.09	8,000
10	Kentucky	6.22	21,000
11	Nebraska	6.23	9,000
	Georgia	6.33	52,000
	Illinois	6.42	68,000
14	Wisconsin	6.48	29,000
	Oklahoma	6.49	19,000
16	Texas	6.50	142,000
17	Delaware	6.59	4,000
18	Florida	6.63	90,000
19	North Carolina	6.67	49,000
20	District of Columbia	6.71	2,000
21	Ohio	6.71	62,000
22	New York	6.77	101,000
23	North Dakota	6.78	3,000
	South Carolina	6.82	24,000
25	Tennessee	6.84	34,000
26	Wyoming	6.89	3,000
	Virginia	6.96	42,000
28	Pennsylvania	6.98	67,000
29	Missouri	6.99	33,000
30	Michigan	7.15	58,000
31	lowa	7.17	17,000
32	Kansas	7.17	17,000
33	Washington	7.17	37,000
34	Connecticut	7.30	21,000
35	Idaho	7.34	10,000
36	Rhode Island	7.35	6,000
37	New Jersey	7.54	53,000
38	Minnesota	7.61	32,000
39	Alaska	7.70	5,000
40	Hawaii	7.74	7,000
41	Nevada	7.82	17,000
42	Oregon	8.02	23,000
43	Colorado	8.14	32,000
44	South Dakota	8.44	5,000
45	Arizona	8.52	46,000
46	California	8.79	275,000
47	New Hampshire	8.94	9,000
48	Vermont	9.00	4,000
49	Massachusetts	9.01	44,000
50	New Mexico	9.33	15,000
	Montana	9.94	7,000
	National	7.11	1,752,000

	Rank	State	%	#
	1	New Jersey	4.0	27,000
	2	Alaska	4.3	2,000
	3	Alabama	4.4	16,000
	4	District of Columbia	4.4	1,000
	5	Louisiana	4.5	16,000
2009-2011	6	Maryland	4.6	21,000
	7	Utah	4.7	12,000
Youth with	8	Wisconsin	4.7	20,000
Severe MDE	9	Vermont	4.9	2,000
Severende	10	Mississippi	5.0	12,000
	11	North Carolina	5.1	36,000
	12	Illinois	5.2	54,000
	13	New York	5.2	77,000
	14	North Dakota	5.3	2,000
	15	Indiana	5.4	28,000
	16	Connecticut	5.5	16,000
	17	Hawaii	5.5	5,000
	18	California	5.6	171,000
	19	West Virginia	5.6	7,000
	20	Oklahoma	5.7	17,000
	21	Texas	5.7	121,000
	22	Georgia	5.8	46,000
	23	lowa	5.8	14,000
	24	Montana	5.8	4,000
	25	Nevada	5.8	12,000
	26	Ohio	5.8	53,000
	27	Pennsylvania	5.8	54,000
	28	, Florida	5.9	78,000
	29	Massachusetts	5.9	28,000
	30	Minnesota	5.9	24,000
	31	Rhode Island	5.9	5,000
	32	South Carolina	5.9	20,000
	33	Colorado	6.0	23,000
	34	Kansas	6.0	13,000
	35	Arizona	6.1	32,000
	36	Maine	6.2	6,000
	37	Nebraska	6.2	9,000
	38	Michigan	6.4	52,000
	39	Tennessee	6.4	31,000
	40	Kentucky	6.5	21,000
	41	Virginia	6.5	39,000
	42	Arkansas	6.8	16,000
	43	Delaware	6.8	5,000
	44	Idaho	7.2	9,000
	45	Missouri	7.2	34,000
	46	New Mexico	7.2	12,000
	47	Washington	7.5	39,000
	48	Oregon	7.6	21,000
	49	Wyoming	7.6	3,000
	50	South Dakota	7.9	5,000
	51	New Hampshire	8.2	8,000
		National	5.7	1,380,000

Adults with AMI who Did Not Receive Treatment

Rank	State		
1	Vermont	44.6	45,000
2	Rhode Island	46.9	81,000
3	Maine	47.0	85,000
4	West Virginia	47.9	145,000
5	Massachusetts	48.8	443,000
6	Kansas	49.0	159,000
7	Montana	50.8	79,000
8	Nebraska	52.5	120,000
9	South Dakota	52.5	51,000
10	Virginia	52.8	541,000
11	Washington	52.9	592,000
12	Pennsylvania	53.8	910,000
13	South Carolina	53.8	347,000
14	Idaho	54.0	145,000
15	Ohio	54.2	933,000
16	North Dakota	54.6	42,000
17	lowa	54.7	236,000
18	Colorado	54.9	377,000
19	New Mexico	54.9	146,000
20	Kentucky	55.4	357,000
21	Oregon	55.5	334,000
22	Missouri	56.1	485,000
23	Tennessee	56.5	629,000
24	Indiana	56.6	536,000
25	Minnesota	56.6	399,000
26	New Hampshire	56.7	115,000
27	Maryland	57.2	431,000
28	Utah	57.3	266,000
29	Connecticut	57.9	246,000
30	Arkansas	58.0	259,000
31	Delaware	58.1	71,000
32	Illinois	58.3	882,000
33	North Carolina	58.6	674,000
34	Arizona	58.7	531,000
35	Georgia	59.0	651,000
36	Alabama	59.2	449,000
37	Michigan	59.5	870,000
38	Wisconsin	59.7	475,000
39	Oklahoma	60.0	351,000
40	New York	60.8	1,700,000
41	Wyoming	60.8	49,000
42	Florida	63.4	1,497,000
43	California	64.4	2,956,000
44	District of Columbia	64.6	61,000
45	Texas	64.6	1,762,000
46	Louisiana	65.2	382,000
47	Alaska	66.7	65,000
48	Mississippi	67.0	270,000
49	Nevada	67.8	241,000
50 51	New Jersey	68.2	677,000
51	Hawaii	73.2	128,000
	National	58.9	24,278,000

	Rank	State
	1	Hawaii
	2	New Jersey
	3	, Maine
	4	Delaware
	5	Nebraska
2009-2011	6	Tennessee
2007-2011	7	North Dakota
Adults with	8	South Dakota
	9	New York
AMI	10	Wyoming
Reporting	11	lowa
Unmet Need	12	Oklahoma
	13	Kentucky
	14	Georgia
	15	Maryland
	16	Florida
	17	Ohio
	18	Texas
	19	Massachusetts
	20	Mississippi
	21	Alabama
	22	California
	23	Pennsylvania
	24	North Carolina
	25	Wisconsin
	26	South Carolina
	27	Virginia
	28	Illinois
	29	Alaska
	30	Nevada
	31	Colorado
	32	Idaho
	33	Indiana
	34	Michigan
	35	Utah
	36	Louisiana
	37	Vermont
	38	New Hampshire
	39	District of Colum
	40	Montana
	41	Connecticut
	42	Minnesota
	43	New Mexico
	44	Oregon
	45	West Virginia
	46	Washington
	47	Rhode Island
	48	Missouri

13,000 16.9 17,000 16.9 478,000 17.1 17.2 14,000 18.1 78,000 18.2 107,000 18.5 120,000 19.5 217,000 148,000 19.6 20.0 473,000 20.4 351,000 559,000 20.4 20.6 185,000 20.6 84,000 20.9 158,000 965,000 21.0 21.0 355,000 247,000 21.5 21.5 171,000 21.7 141,000 219,000 21.8 333,000 22.0 22,000 22.4 80,000 22.4 22.6 155,000 22.8 61,000 23.1 219,000 23.1 338,000 23.1 107,000 23.4 136,000 24,000 23.5 48,000 23.8 nbia 24.2 23,000 24.2 38,000 24.7 106,000 181,000 25.4 67,000 25.4 25.5 153,000 25.9 79,000 296,000 26.4 26.5 46,000 26.8 232,000 Arkansas 27.5 122,000 29.6 Arizona 267,000 Kansas 29.9 96,000 National 21.3 8,771,000

14.3

15.2

15.6

16.3

16.3

16.4

25,000

151,000

28,000 20,000

37,000

183,000

Rank State

Adults with AMI who are Uninsured

Rank	State	%	#
	Massachusetts	6.0	54,000
2	Hawaii	9.6	17,000
3	Vermont	9.7	10,000
4	District of Columbia	10.3	10,000
5	Wisconsin	10.8	86,000
6	Delaware	11.0	14,000
	North Dakota	11.0	8,000
8	New York	11.2	313,000
9	South Dakota	11.4	11,000
10	Connecticut	11.8	51,000
	Rhode Island	12.4	22,000
12	Maryland	12.5	95,000
13	Pennsylvania	12.7	214,000
14	Maine	12.8	23,000
15	Minnesota	13.4	95,000
16	lowa	14.0	61,000
17	Washington	14.5	163,000
18	New Hampshire	15.2	31,000
19	Kentucky	15.8	102,000
20	Colorado	16.0	110,000
21	New Jersey	16.0	159,000
22	Virginia	16.9	174,000
23	Kansas	17.1	55,000
24	Nebraska	17.1	39,000
25	North Carolina	17.5	201,000
26	Michigan	18.0	264,000
27	Ohio	18.2	314,000
28	Montana	18.3	29,000
29	Georgia	18.5	206,000
30	Illinois	19.0	288,000
31	Tennessee	19.6	219,000
32	Missouri	19.8	171,000
33	Indiana	20.5	195,000
34	Alaska	20.9	20,000
35	South Carolina	21.6	140,000
36	Utah	22.1	103,000
	West Virginia	22.3	68,000
38	Wyoming	22.4	18,000
39	California	22.6	1,038,000
40	Arizona	23.4	212,000
41	Oregon	23.6	142,000
42	New Mexico	23.7	64,000
43	Florida	24.3	578,000
44	Arkansas	24.5	111,000
45	Oklahoma	24.6	144,000
46	Nevada	25.7	92,000
47	Texas	25.7	704,000
48	Idaho	26.7	72,000
49	Mississippi	26.8	109,000
50	Louisiana	26.9	157,000
	Alabama	29.9	227,000
	National	18.9	7,801,000

	Dank		Ctata	
	Rank		State	
	1	Maine	1.77	4,272
	2	Massachusetts	15.12	137,336
	3	Hawaii	16.14	28,222
	4	Vermont	16.84	16,385
2012	5	North Dakota	16.95	14,680
	6	Minnesota	17.63	113,664
Adults with	7	lowa	19.60	83,888
Disability	8	Nebraska	19.98	50,829
5	9	Connecticut	20.03	102,495
who Could	10	South Dakota	20.36	25,335
Not See a	11	Delaware	20.99	26,071
Doctor Due	12	Maryland	21.29	157,149
to Costs	13	District of Columbia	22.37	20,930
10 00313	14	Michigan	22.85	382,780
	15	New Hampshire	23.10	50,491
	16	California	23.24	1,205,897
	17	Pennsylvania	23.28	462,070
	18	Illinois	23.52	435,658
	19	Rhode Island	23.56	38,544
	20	Wisconsin	23.57	193,813
	21	New Jersey	23.59	237,789
	22	Ohio	24.68	431,750
	23	Alaska	24.73	27,365
	24	New York	24.77	714,469
	25	Montana	24.90	44,728
	26	Washington	24.95	311,453
	27	Kansas	24.95	108,469
	28	Virginia	25.21	292,089
	29	West Virginia	25.69	108,011
	30	Missouri	25.71	278,454
	31	Wyoming	25.96	21,268
	32	Idaho	26.61	74,180
	33	New Mexico	26.82	94,494
	34	Utah	26.85	99,490
	35	Colorado	27.53	203,280
	36	Indiana	27.93	290,107
	37	Oklahoma	28.21	207,405
	38	Louisiana	28.52	227,636
	39	North Carolina	28.99	423,409
	40	Tennessee	29.50	329,515
	41	Arizona	29.53	301,088
	42	Oregon	29.59	231,548
	43	Nevada	29.74	117,297
	44	Kentucky	30.10	259,287
	45	Texas	30.71	1,034,441
	46	Alabama	31.66	324,525
	47	South Carolina	31.75	262,079
	48	Arkansas	31.86	175,751
	49	Florida	32.18	1,082,470
	50	Georgia	34.72	503,603
	51	Mississippi	35.79	195,848
		National	26.35	12,730,000

Youth with MDE who Did Not Receive Mental Health Services

Rank	State	%	#
1	Connecticut	45.7	9,000
2	South Dakota	46.8	3,000
3	Nebraska	46.9	6,000
4	New Hampshire	47.5	6,000
5	Vermont	49.1	1,000
6	Colorado	49.5	14,000
7	Alaska	50.8	2,000
8	Maine	50.8	4,000
9	Wisconsin	52.8	15,000
10	Rhode Island	55.4	3,000
11	Arizona	56.2	27,000
12	North Carolina	56.3	26,000
13	Kentucky	56.4	16,000
14	Indiana	57.5	16,000
15	Maryland	57.8	20,000
16	Minnesota	57.8	22,000
17	New York	57.9	57,000
18	Michigan	58.8	48,000
19	Oregon	59.4	15,000
20	Wyoming	59.5	3,000
21	Virginia	59.8	32,000
22	Massachusetts	61	27,000
23	Delaware	61.1	4,000
24	Missouri	62.7	28,000
25	North Dakota	63.3	2,000
26	Pennsylvania	64.7	50,000
27	Arkansas	64.8	14,000
28	Kansas	65	12,000
29	Idaho	65.4	7,000
30	Ohio	66.1	49,000
31	lowa	66.2	10,000
32	Louisiana	66.6	17,000
33	Hawaii	66.8	5,000
34	Oklahoma	68.3	15,000
35	West Virginia	68.4	7,000
36	Washington	69.1	30,000
37	New Mexico	69.2	12,000
38	Florida	69.3	74,000
39	Tennessee	69.6	27,000
40	California	70.9	176,000
41	Utah	71.6	17,000
42	Illinois	72.2	61,000
43	Mississippi	72.5	12,000
44	District of Columbia	73.5	1,000
45	Texas	73.5	124,000
46	Montana	73.9	4,000
47	New Jersey	76.3	34,000
48	Alabama	76.4	23,000
49 50	Georgia	77.9	64,000
50	Nevada	82.1	18,000
51	South Carolina	83.1	25,000
	National	66	1,295,000

	Rank	State	%
	1	South Dakota	39.5
	2	Vermont	38
	3	Minnesota	37.4
	4	Colorado	35.4
	5	Alaska	35.1
2010-2014	6	New Hampshire	32.7
	7	Massachusetts	32.4
Youth with	8	North Dakota	31.6
Severe MDE	9	Maine	30
who	10	Kansas	29.6
	11	Utah	29
Received	12	Nebraska	27.6
Some	13	Wyoming	27.3
Consistent	14	Oregon	26.8
Treatment	15	Washington	26.7
neuthent	16 17	West Virginia	26.5
	17	New Jersey	26.4
	18	Maryland	26.3
	20	New Mexico	26.3
	20	Michigan New York	26.2 25.9
	21	North Carolina	25.9
	22	Connecticut	24.2
	23	Rhode Island	24
	25	Wisconsin	23.4
	26	Delaware	22.7
	27	Louisiana	22.5
	28	Pennsylvania	21.7
	29	Kentucky	21.5
	30	Missouri	21.3
	31	Mississippi	21.2
	32	Indiana	21
	33	Texas	21
	34	California	20.1
	35	lowa	20.1
	36	Idaho	19.5
	37	Ohio	19.1
	38	Hawaii	19
	39	Illinois	18.1
	40	Virginia	16.9
	41	Oklahoma	16.8
	42	Arizona	16.7
	43	Arkansas	16
	44	District of Columbia	15.9

Florida

Georgia

Montana

Tennessee

Alabama

Nevada

National

South Carolina

2,000 1,000 8,000 9,000 1,000

2,000 8,000

1,000 2,000

5,000

4,000

2,000 1,000

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10,000

2,000 9,000 8,000 3,000 15,000 20,000 12,000 4,000 1,000 7,000 1,000 5,000 12,000 4,000 7,000 3,000 6,000 29,000 37,000 3,000 2,000 10,000 1,000 11,000 8,000 3,000 6,000 2,000

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2,000 1,000

322,000

15.9

14.6

13.1

12.8

12.3

10.8

9.4

21.7

Children with Private Insurance that Did Not Cover Mental or Emotional Problems

Rate Per 1,000 Students

D			
Rank	State	Rate	#
	Massachusetts	2.9	9,000
	New Hampshire	4.0	2,000
	Connecticut	4.3	7,000
	Oregon	4.3	7,000
5	New Jersey	4.9	19,000
6	South Dakota	5.0	2,000
	Maryland	5.1	14,000
8	Minnesota	5.5	14,000
9	Wisconsin	5.5	16,000
10	Missouri	5.6	13,000
	Vermont	5.6	1,000
12	West Virginia	5.6	3,000
	Ohio	5.9	30,000
14	Indiana	6.4	18,000
15	lowa	6.4	8,000
16	Tennessee	6.4	15,000
17	New York	6.8	51,000
18	Pennsylvania	6.9	37,000
19	Maine	7.0	4,000
20	Georgia	7.3	27,000
21	Michigan	7.5	33,000
22	Delaware	7.7	3,000
23	North Carolina	7.9	25,000
24	Illinois	8.1	42,000
25	North Dakota	8.1	2,000
26	Washington	8.2	21,000
27	California	8.8	119,000
28	Kentucky	8.8	13,000
29	Rhode Island	8.9	4,000
30	Virginia	8.9	27,000
31	Nebraska	9.2	7,000
32	Colorado	9.3	18,000
33	District of Columbia	9.3	1,000
34	Florida	9.6	57,000
35	New Mexico	9.6	5,000
36	Nevada	9.9	12,000
37	Montana	10.5	4,000
38	Idaho	10.9	6,000
39	Utah	10.9	17,000
40	Texas	11.0	91,000
41	Kansas	11.3	12,000
42	Alaska	12.4	3,000
43	Arizona	12.5	29,000
44	Arkansas	12.5	11,000
45	Alabama	12.6	21,000
46	Oklahoma	12.6	16,000
47	Wyoming	14.0	3,000
48	Louisiana	14.7	19,000
49	South Carolina	14.9	21,000
50	Hawaii	17.3	6,000
	Mississippi	18.1	13,000
	National	8.1	957,000

	Rank	State	%	#
	1	Vermont	24.65	1,930
	2	District of Columbia	23.38	1,326
	3	Minnesota	19.41	14,774
	4	Massachusetts	16.51	14,154
	5	Wisconsin	16.44	12,427
2012	6	Rhode Island	15.48	2,024
	7	Pennsylvania	14.03	22,858
Students	8	Indiana	13.71	13,070
Identified	9	Maine	13.71	2,335
	10	lowa	13.35	5,725
with	11	New Hampshire	12.40	2,192
Emotional	12	New York	11.22	27,566
Disturbance	13	Illinois	10.87	20,192
for an IEP	14	Connecticut	10.47	5,230
	15	South Dakota	9.95	1,131
	16	Ohio	9.88	15,601
	17	Maryland	9.09	6,915
	18	Georgia	9.05	13,629
	19	North Dakota	8.98	788
	20	Michigan	8.75	12,498
	21	Oregon	8.71	4,524
	22	Colorado	8.55	6,467
	23	Virginia	8.34	9,432
	24	Florida	8.13	19,584
	25	Kentucky	7.87	4,734
	26	Wyoming	7.85	641
	27 28	Arizona	7.79	7,687
	28 29	Missouri	7.63	6,231
	29 30	Mississippi	7.52	3,354
	31	Oklahoma	7.51	4,290
	32	Nebraska	7.40	1,957
	33	New Jersey New Mexico	6.82 6.74	8,377 2,041
	34	Hawaii	6.47	
	35	Delaware	6.34	1,063 745
	36	West Virginia	6.00	1,479
	37	Texas	5.84	25,510
	38	Kansas	5.75	2,474
	39	Alaska	5.69	671
	40	Montana	5.51	712
	41	Idaho	5.44	1,395
	42	Washington	4.76	4,551
	43	Nevada	4.68	1,881
	44	South Carolina	4.55	2,946
	45	California	4.36	24,981
	46	North Carolina	4.36	5,911
	47	Utah	4.21	2,263
	48	Tennessee	3.69	3,295
	49	Louisiana	2.84	1,756
	50	Alabama	1.95	1,322
	51	Arkansas	1.74	750
		N	0.00	250.200

National

8.08

359,389

	Rank	State	Rate
	1	Massachusetts	248:1
	2	Delaware	293:1
	3	Vermont	329:1
	4	Maine	342:1
	5	Rhode Island	361:1
	6	New Mexico	376:1
	7		410:1
	8	Oregon Oklahoma	410:1
	9	Alaska	
	10		450:1
е	11	Connecticut	455:1
	12	New Hampshire	493:1
ty	12	New York	510:1
	13	Wyoming	510:1
		Washington	533:1
	15	Nebraska	560:1
	16	Colorado	570:1
	17	Utah	587:1
	18	Hawaii	597:1
	19	California	623:1
	20	Michigan	661:1
	21	Maryland	666:1
	22	District of Columbia	675:1
	23	Arkansas	696:1
	24	North Carolina	696:1
	25	Minnesota	748:1
	26	Montana	752:1
	27	New Jersey	809:1
	28	Pennsylvania	837:1
	29	Idaho	839:1
	30	Illinois	844:1
	31	Kentucky	852:1
	32	Kansas	861:1
	33	South Dakota	871:1
	34	Florida	890:1
	35	Indiana	890:1
	36	Missouri	947:1
	37	Tennessee	974:1
	38	South Carolina	995:1
	39	Virginia	998:1
	40	Nevada	1,015:1
	41	Ohio	1,023:1
	42	Wisconsin	1,024:1
	43	North Dakota	1,033:1
	44	lowa	1,144:1
	45	Arizona	1,145:1
	46	Mississippi	1,183:1
	47	Louisiana	1,272:1
	48	West Virginia	1,291:1
	49	Georgia	1,440:1
	50	Texas	1,757:1
	51	Alabama	1,827:1
		National	791:1

2013

Mental Health Workforce Availabilit

Glossary

Indicator	Description of Measure	Source
Adults with Any Mental Illness (AMI)	Any mental illness (AMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder, as assessed by the Mental Health Surveillance Study (MHSS) Structured Clinical Interview for the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders—Fourth Edition—Research Version—Axis I Disorders (DSM-IV), which is based on the 4th edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV). AMIYR_U, is an indicator for Any Mental Illness (AMI) based on the 2012 revised predicted probability of SMI. (SMIPP_U). If SMIPP_U is greater than or equal to a specified cutoff point (0.0192519810) then AMIYR_U=1, and if SMIPP_U is less than the cutoff point then AMIYR_U=0. This indicator based on the 2012 model is not comparable with the indicator based on the 2008 model. AMI is defined as having Serious, Moderate, or Mild Mental Illness. Specific details about this variable can be found in the Recoded Mental Health Module Variable Documentation Appendix. For details, see 2014 National Survey on Drug Use and Health METHODOLOGICAL SUMMARY AND DEFINITIONS at http://www.samhsa.gov/data/sites/default/files/NSDUH-MethodSummDefs2014/NSDUH-MethodSummDefs2014.htm Data survey years 2010-2011 and 2013-2014.	SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, <u>http://www.samhsa.gov</u> /data/population-data- nsduh/reports?tab=38
Adults with AMI Reporting Unmet Need	Adults with AMI reporting unmet need is calculated from variable AMHTXND2 and AMIYR_U. AMIYR_U is defined as above in Adults with AMI. AMHTXND2, is defined as feeling a perceived need for mental health treatment/counseling that was not received. This is often referred to as "unmet need." Data survey years 2009-2011 and 2012-2014.	SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health.
Adults with AMI Who are Uninsured	Adults with AMI who are uninsured is calculated from variable IRINSUR4 and AMIYR_U. AMIYR_U is defined as above in Adults with AMI. A respondent is classified as NOT having any health insurance (IRINSUR4=2) if they meet EVERY one of the following conditions. (1) Not Covered by private insurance (IRPRVHLT=2) (2) Not Covered by Medicare (IRMEDICR=2) (3) Not Covered by Medicaid/CHIPCOV (IRMCDCHP=2) (4) Not Covered by Champus, ChampVA, VA, or Military (IRCHMPUS=2) (5) Not Covered by other health insurance (IROTHHLT=2). Data survey years 2009-2011 and 2012-2014.	SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health.
Adults with AMI who Did Not Receive Treatment	Adults with AMI who did not receive treatment is calculated from variable AMHTXRC3 and AMIYR_U. AMIYR_U is defined as above in Adults with AMI. A respondent is classified as not receiving treatment if they responded NO to receiving any mental health treatment in the past year which is coded as AMHTXRC3. AMHTXRC3 is defined as having received inpatient treatment/counseling or outpatient treatment/counseling or having used prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for drug or alcohol use. Respondents with unknown treatment/counseling information were excluded. Data survey years 2009-2011 and 2012-2014.	SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health.

Indicator	Description of Measure	Source
Adult Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol	Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV). Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used non-medically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006. Data survey years 2010-2011 and 2013-2014.	SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, <u>http://www.samhsa.gov/</u> <u>data/population-data-</u> <u>nsduh/reports?tab=38</u>
Adults with Disability Who Could Not See a Doctor Due to Costs	Disability questions were added to the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) core questionnaire in 2004. Disability was determined using the following BRFSS question: "Are you limited in any way in any activities because of physical, mental or emotional problems?" (QLACTLM2). Respondents were defined as having a disability if they answered "Yes" to this question. Respondents were also asked: "Was there a time in the past 12 months when you needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost?" (MEDCOST). The measure was calculated based on individuals who answered Yes to MEDCOST among those who answered Yes to QLACTLM2. Data survey year 2012 & 2014.	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Survey Data. Atlanta, Georgia: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2012, 2014. http://www.cdc.gov/brfs <u>s/annual_data/annual_2</u> <u>014.html</u> Downloaded and calculated on 8/24/16.
Adults with Serious Thoughts of Suicide	Adults aged 18 or older were asked whether they had seriously thought about, made any plans, or attempted to kill themselves at any time during the past 12 months, or if they had received medical attention from a health professional or stayed overnight in a hospital in the past 12 months because of a suicide attempt. Data survey years 2010-2011 and 2013-2014.	SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, <u>http://www.samhsa.gov/</u> <u>data/population-data-</u> <u>nsduh/reports?tab=38</u>
Children with Private Insurance that Did Not Cover Mental or Emotional Problems	Children with private insurance that did not cover mental or emotional problems is defined as any child age 0-17 responding YES to HLTINMNT. HLTINMNT is defined as: " Does [SAMPLE MEMBER POSS] private health insurance include coverage for treatment for mental or emotional problems? Data survey years 2009-2011 and 2012-2014.	SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health.

Indicator	Description of Measure	Source
Mental Health Workforce Availability	Mental health workforce availability is the ratio of the county population to the number of mental health providers including psychiatrists, psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, counselors, marriage and family therapists and advanced practice nurses specializing in mental health care. In 2015, marriage and family therapists and mental health providers that treat alcohol and other drug abuse were added to this measure. Survey data year 2013 & 2015.	County Health Rankings & Roadmaps. <u>http://www.cou</u> <u>ntyhealthrankings.org/app/</u> <u>north-</u> <u>dakota/2015/measure/facto</u> <u>rs/62/description</u> . This data comes from the National Provider Identification data file, which has some limitations. Providers who transmit electronic health records are required to obtain an identification number, but very small providers may not obtain a number. While providers have the option of deactivating their identification number, some mental health professionals included in this list may no longer be practicing or accepting new clients.
Students Identified with Emotional Disturbance for Individualized Education Program Individualized Education Program	Percent of Children Identified as having a Emotional Disturbance among enrolled students Grade 1-12 and Ungraded. This measure was calculated from data provided by IDEA Part B Child Count and Educational Environments, Common Core of Data. Under IDEA regulation, Emotional Disturbance is identified as a condition exhibiting one or more of the following characteristics over a long period of time and to a marked degree that adversely affects a child's educational performance: (A) An inability to learn that cannot be explained by intellectual, sensory, or health factors. (B) An inability to build or maintain satisfactory interpersonal relationships with peers and teachers. (C) Inappropriate types of behavior or feelings under normal circumstances. (D) A general pervasive mood of unhappiness or depression. (E) A tendency to develop physical symptoms or fears associated with personal or school problems. Emotional disturbance includes schizophrenia. The term does not apply to children who are socially maladjusted, unless it is determined that they have an emotional disturbance under paragraph (c)(4)(i) of this section. Data year 2012 & 2014.	IDEA Data Center, 2012 and 2014 - IDEA Section 618, State Level Data Files, Child Count and Educational Environments. http://www2.ed.gov/progra ms/osepidea/618- data/state-level-data- files/index.html#bccee. US Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Common Core of Data. http://nces.ed.gov/ccd/stnfi s.asp Downloaded and calculated on 8/31/2016.

Indicator	Description of Measure	Source
Youth with At Least One Past Year Major Depressive Episode (MDE)	Among youth age 12-17, major depressive episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. For details, see Section B of the "2011-2012 NSDUH: Guide to State Tables and Summary of Small Area Estimation Methodology" at <u>http://www.samhsa.gov/data/population-data-nsduh/reports?tab=33</u> . Data survey years 2010-2011 and 2013-2014.	SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2011, 2012, and 2013. http://www.samhsa.gov/dat a/sites/default/files/NSDUHS tateEst2012-2013- p1/ChangeTabs/NSDUHsaeS hortTermCHG2013.htm
Youth with Dependence or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol	Among youth age 12-17, dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV). Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used non-medically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006. Data survey years 2010-2011 and 2013-2014.	SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, http://www.samhsa.gov/dat a/sites/default/files/NSDUHS tateEst2012-2013- p1/ChangeTabs/NSDUHsaeS hortTermCHG2013.htm
Youth With MDE who Did Not Receive Mental Health Services	Youth with Past Year MDE who Did Not Receive Treatment is defined as those who apply to having Past Year MDE as defined above ("Youth with At Least One Past Year Major Depressive Episode ") and respond NO to ANYSMH. ANYSMH indicates whether a youth reported receiving specialty mental health services in the past year from any of 7 specific inpatient/residential or outpatient specialty sources for problems with behavior or emotions that were not caused by alcohol or drugs. This variable was created based on the following 7 source of treatment variables: stayed overnight in a hospital (YHOSP), stayed in a residential treatment facility (YRESID), spent time in foster care (YFOST), spent time in a day treatment facility (YDAYTRT), received treatment from a mental health clinic (YCLIN), from a private therapist (YTHER), and from an in-home therapist (YHOME). Youths who reported a positive response (source variable=1) to one or more of the 7 questions were included in the yes category regardless of how many of the 7 questions they answered. Youths who did not report a positive response, but answered all 7 of the questions were included in the no category. Youths who did not report a positive response and did not answer all the questions, and adults were included in the unknown/18+ category. Data survey years 2009-2011 and 2012-2014.	SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health

Indicator	Description of Measure	Source
Youth with Severe MDE	Youth with severe MDE is defined as having had MDE in the past year were then asked questions from the SDS to measure the level of functional impairment in major life activities reported to be caused by the MDE in the past 12 months (Leon, Olfson, Portera, Farber, & Sheehan, 1997). The SDS measures mental health-related impairment in four major life activities or role domains. The following variable, YSDSOVRL, is assigned the maximum level of interference over the four role domains of SDS: chores at home (YSDSHOME), school or work (YSDSWRK), family relationships (YSDSREL), and social life (YSDSSOC). Each module consists of four questions that are assessed on a 0 to 10 visual analog scale with categories of "none" (0), "mild" (1-3), "moderate" (4-6), "severe" (7-9), and "very severe" (10). The four SDS role domain variables were recoded so that no interference = 1, mild = 2, moderate = 3, severe = 4, and very severe = 5. A maximum level of interference over all four domains was then defined as YSDSOVRL. A maximum impairment score (YSDSOVRL) is defined as the single highest severity level of role impairment across all four SDS role domains. Ratings greater than or equal to 7 on the scale YSDSOVRL=4, 5 were considered severe impairment. "Youth with Severe MDE" is defined as the following variable MDEIMPY. MDEIMPY is derived from the maximum severity level of MDE role impairment (YSDSOVRL) and is restricted to adolescents with past year MDE (YMDEYR). Youth met criteria for MDEIMPY if they answered YES to YSDSOVRL and YES to YMDEYR. Data survey years 2009-2011 and 2012-2014.	SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health
Youth with Severe MDE who Received Some Consistent Treatment	The following variable calculated as how many youth who answered YES to MDEIMPY from "Youth with severe MDE" defined above and SPOUTVST. The variable SPOUTVST, indicates how many times a specialty outpatient mental health service was visited in the past year. The number of visits is calculated by adding the number of visits to a day treatment facility (YUDYTXNM), mental health clinic (YUMHCRNM), private therapist (YUTPSTNM), and an inhome therapist (YUIHTPNM). A value of 6 (No Visits) was assigned whenever a respondent said they had used none of the services (YUDYTXYR, YUMHCRYR, YUTPSTYR, YUIHTPYR all equal 2). A value of missing was assigned when the response to whether received treatment or number of visits was unknown for any of the 4 locations (any of YUDYTXYR, YUMHCRYR, YUTPSTYR, YUIHTPYR=85, 94, 97, 98 OR any of YUDYTXNM, YUMHCRNM, YUTPSTNM, YUIHTPNM=985, 994, 997, 998), unless sum of the visits for services with nonmissing information was greater than or equal to 25, in which case a value of 5 (25 or more visits) was assigned. A missing value was also assigned for respondents aged 18 or older. The variable SPOUTVST was recoded for visit distribution as 0 Visits, 1-6 Visits, and 7-25+ Visits. Data survey years 2010-2014.	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality. National Survey on Drug Use and Health: 4- Year R-DAS. https://www.icpsr.umich.ed u/content/SAMHDA/index.h tml.", "https://www.icpsr.umi ch.edu/content/SAMHDA/in dex.html. Downloaded and calculated on 7/21/2015. *Note Regarding SAMHDA R-DAS Below

Citations for Infographics

Statistic	Source
Medicaid Expansion States	Data Based on States that had coverage under Medicaid expansion effective January 1, 2014.
	Kaiser Family Foundation, Status of State Action of the Medicaid Expansion Decision, 2016
	http://kff.org/health-reform/state-indicator/state-activity-around-expanding- medicaid-under-the-affordable-care-act/
State Political Party Identification	Gallup, Red States Outnumber Blue States for First Time in Gallup Tracking, February 3, 2016 <u>http://www.gallup.com/poll/188969/red-states-outnumber-</u> <u>blue-first-time-gallup-tracking.aspx</u> .
1.2 Million Individuals with Mental Illness in Jails and Prisons	U.S. Bureau of Justice, Mental Health Problems of Prison and Jail Inmates, September 2006.
More than half Americans in jail or prison have a mental illness	U.S. Bureau of Justice, Mental Health Problems of Prison and Jail Inmates, September 2006.
Prison Population of Arkansas, Mississippi, and Alabama	The Sentencing Project, Detailed State Data, <u>http://www.sentencingproject.org/the-</u> <u>facts/#detail?state10ption=U.S.%20Total&state20ption=0</u>